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THE
Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,020—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th April.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7538	...	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10590
21st "	EGYPT	7912	...	...
28th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
4th June.	INDIA	7911	...	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
18th "	HIMALAYA	6898	...	...
25th "	DEVANHA	8092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	OCEANA	6810	...	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th "	ARABIA	7903	...	...
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10512
30th "	CALEDONIA	7558	...	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May 1910
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd "
MASILIA	7091	J. Thomson	8th June "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	22nd "
CIRCASSIA	5716	C. P. Osborne R. N. R.	19th July "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	29th "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	25th "
MASILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th "
CIRCASSIA	5716	C. P. Osborne	14th Oct. "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	28th "
CASTALIA	6384	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	26th "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	603
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay on board steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within period of their leave.

Through rates to Europe include a passage by rail across the Desert between Kantara and Suez. Apply for further information regarding passage.

Through berths can be secured.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

ANCHOR AMERICAN LINE.

SAILINGS MONTHLY.

CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	Month.	Port.
Spanish Prince ...due 3rd	May	Philadelphia and New York.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
a PRASIDENT	3,310	Jacobsen	10th May.
b MARKGRAF	3,680	Timm	28th "
a KANZLER	3,000	Ulrich	7th June.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 20th April, 1910.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 29th Apr.	6 a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 2nd May	11 a.m.	P. D & C.M.*
DUMRA	1,695	Thur. 5th May	9 a. m.	O Mandvi.

† Orlatur on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka, and O. Mandvie.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 5th May, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,147 tons, on Monday, 2nd May, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "WARDHA," 3,980 tons, sailing on or about the 10th May.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

29th April, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X	7th July "
DUMBRA	6,885	Rebufat	4th Augt "
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	1st Sept. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
DUMBRA	6,885	Rebufat	20th May 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	17th June "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronchi	15th May 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,880	L. Mancini	15th June 1910
Dco BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 490 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Baisto	17th May 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Morosso	17th June 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Baisto	17th July 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
No. 59 Hornby Road. Agent.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares,—Rs. 403 to Rs. 430 according to position of Cabin.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY,	KARACHI,	CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch
HOWRAH (Calcutta),	RANGOON,	MADRAS,
COLOMBO,	KANDY,	GALLE, SINGAPORE,
KUALA LUMPUR,	PENANG,	HONGKONG,
SHANGHAI.		

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E. C
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Medan Deli Sumatra)	Foochow
Bombay	Singapore	Saigon
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States,)	Seremban (F. M. States.)
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor (Do.)	Shanghae.
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Ranzoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Soarabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak).	Hongkong	

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34. J. DEEG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
RS. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

HEADLIGHTS
MAHABLESHWAR SEASON.

The "Polkey" Series of Acetylene and Kerosine headlights give a perfect beam of light and a maximum of illumination on the road to Mahableshwar or elsewhere.

SPECIALLY MADE FOR INDIA.

THE "SAMPSON"
Acetylene Motor Head Light (Patented)
2,085 Certified Candle Power.
No. 1 SERIES.
For Large Cars, with Projecting Bell Front. With separate Genrator.

Nickel Plated, without Generator	£6 10 0
Brass " "	6 0 0
Generator, Brass	4 12 0

Reflector, thick Sterling Silver rolled on to Copper.

THE "POLKEY"
Patent Kerosine Motor Head Lights.
527 Candle Power.

No. 1 SERIES.	Each.
Nickel Plated on brass, with side fittings	£8 0 0
Brass Polished	7 0 0
Double Fork Brackets, for shutting on	0 15 0
No. 2 SERIES.	**Each.**
Nickel Plated on Brass (lens 7¾ in-dia.)	£7 0 0
Brass Polished	6 0 0

New Pattern "Polkey"
CHIMNEY MOTOR SIDE LIGHT.
Burning Kerosine.
No. 1 SERIES WITH CHIMNEYS.

	Per pair.
Nickel Plated	£4 16 0
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No. 2 SERIES, CHIMNEYLESS.
Simple, Powerful, Reliable.
Perfectly Wind and Rain Proof.
FOR FAST CARS.

Nickel Plated ... per pair	£4 10 0
Brass Polished ... "	4 0 0

Fixed Oil Container, with Outside Feed Screw.

"POLKEY" TAIL LIGHT.
Burning Kerosine.
One White and one Red Light.

No. 2 SERIES.	Each.
Nickel Plated	£1 13 6
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The New **BUDGET** says **SMOKE** the **BEST** quality and **LESS** quantity.

The following High Class Brands are now Realising the above fact.

DUTCH HAVANAS.

MIGNOT & DE BLOCK'S.		Rs.	A.	POPULAR BRANDS.		Rs.	A.
El Aliento, Par Excellence,	per 50	7	8	La Costa Brazileros	per 50	6	0
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La Arena, Brevas Fimas	" 50	6	12	Perfectos Extra	" 50	4	8
La Silvira, Especiala	" 50	5	12	Alicante, Ceylon's Favorite	" 50	3	8
La Crema, Matinees	" 50	5	4	Spotted Dogs, Merriman's	" 100	8	0
La Simpatica, Flor Fina	" 100	8	0	" " Neuberg & Co's	" 50	4	0
Flor de Cintra, Silver Foiled,	25	4	0	Odalisca, Victorias	" 25	2	8

Inquiries Solicited from Clubs and Messes. Discount on quantities.

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MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

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Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

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scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.
THE
Bombay Gazette
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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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ADVANCING BY 32NDS
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1909.

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And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India,
And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

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TEAS,
COFFEE,
COCOA,
WINES,
SPIRITS,
PROVISIONS.
"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."
QUALITY GUARANTEED.

FINEST GERMAN SAUSAGES.

In 1 lb. Tins

METTWURST (Pork Sausage) ...
FUNGENWURST (Tongue Sausage) ...
LEBERWURST (Liver Sausage) ...
CERVELATWURST (Smoked Sausage in Bladder) ...
FRANKFURTER WURSTE (Small Frankfort Sausages) ...

RS. 1-8 Per Tin.

TRUFFEL-LEBERWURST (Strassburg Sausage) ... ... Rs. 1-12

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29. Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India—TEACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, 21 BRABY and POONA.

This Remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, trembings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2s. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order 8xpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
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Elephant in tins and bulk.

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BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

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CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., undertake the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
86 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by Mr. J. F. KARAKA WALLACE Co.'s Old Building, Apollo Street, Fort, upto Tuesday, the 3rd May, 1910, for steel and reinforced concrete work in the New Theatre, now in course of construction at Queen's Road.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

For particulars apply to—

A. L. COLACO,
A. M. I. C. E. I., Etc., Architect.
9, Hornby Road, Fort.

THE STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplanade Road, on Friday the 29th April, 1910, at 3-15 p. m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1909.

To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

To elect two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 29th April to the 14th May, 1910, both days inclusive.

By Order,

SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st April, 1910.

THE DAVID MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplanade Road, on Friday, the 29th April, 1910, at 3 P.M. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1909.

To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

To elect two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 29th April to the 14th May, 1910, both days inclusive.

By Order,

SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st April, 1910.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

(FOR ALL COMMUNITIES)

MATHERAN.

COMPARISON IS THE TRUE TEST OF BEST QUALITY.

Separate Billiard Saloon and Restaurant on the Premises.

THIS COMMODIOUS HOTEL contains 25 Bed-rooms with tiled flooring, each 14 × 16 feet, with a front verandah 12 feet wide. Every Bed-room has its own Bath-room and Dressing Room with tiled flooring. The Hotel consists of several detached Bungalows suitable for families. It is situated in a large shady compound, commanding a beautiful westerly view. A separate Bungalow, known as the "Wilderness," is specially fitted up for Princes and Nabobs.

Please apply for Terms for Board and Lodging, &c., to

E. K. KHAN,
Proprietor.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	6 8 2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg.	5 0 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 12 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 3 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS / STEEL ANGLES / STEEL TEES / CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

AMUSEMENTS.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

CHARITY MATCH.

FINAL—SATURDAY, 30th APRIL,
MARINE LINES MAIDAN.
BULLY OFF, 5-40 P.M.

By kind permission of the Officer Commanding and the Officers, the Band of the B. B and C. I. Railway Vol. Rifles will play a selection of Music during the evening.

ADMISSION—1st Enclosure, Re. 1.
„ 2nd „ annas 8.

Ladies and Soldiers and Sailors in uniform will be admitted Half Price.

The proceeds of the match will be divided between the following Charities:—

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,
SOLDIERS' HOME, COLABA,
ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL NURSING ASSOCIATION,
INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

NOVELTY CINEMATOGRAPH

1. The Livingston Case.
Attractive Detective Story
and by special request, as extra film
also
2. The Great American Triumph.

GRAND OPERA.

THE FAUST

with five other new subjects.

TIMES—7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 P. M.
SATURDAY, SPECIAL LATE SHOW, 11-15 to 12-15.
PRICES—Rs. 2, 1, 8 and 4 annas.
Boxes to seat 6, Rs. 10.
Note the Name
NOVELTY CINEMATOGRAPH.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30th.

Under the Patronage of H. E. the Viceroy and Countess of MINTO in Simla, The Governors of Bombay, Ceylon, Madras, Punjab, General Swann, Etc., Etc.

FREEAR
IN HIS FUNNIEST OF ALL FUNNY ENTERTAINMENTS.

"FRIVOLITIES"
THE SUCCESS OF 43 COUNTRIES.
GROTESQUE AND WHOLESOME

"FUN WITHOUT VULGARITY."

Return visit in consequence of the splendid reception accorded Mr. Freear on his appearance here seven months ago.

Several New Specialties will be introduced.

Credentials from H. M. King Edward VII, H. I. M. the Sultan of Turkey, The King of Greece, The King of Siam, and nearly all India's Native Rulers on view at SOUNDY & Co.'s., etc., etc.

His Highness of Mysore re-engaged Mr. Freear for the third time recently, and 4th engagement within 12 months for H. H. of Jhind.

Mr. Freear was personally complimented by Their Excellencies The Earl and Countess of Minto in Simla.

ROARS OF LAUGHTER GUARANTEED AS BEFORE.

Special Popular Prices:—Stalls and D Circle, Rs 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1

Plan at SOUNDY & Co.'s.

Special Trams after performance to Parel and Grant Buildings.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
LAST NIGHT!

To-day will be shown for the last time the screamingly funny films in which figure

"FOOLSHEAD" and "MAX LINDER"

A splendid Combination.

TO-MORROW! TO-MORROW!!
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

EUROPE'S PREMIER COMEDIAN
FOOLSHEAD'S CHILDHOOD.

Also a thrilling episode in the life of
ENGLAND'S NAVAL HERO
LORD NELSON'S SON.

And other comic, dramatic and pathetic items.

GRAND PRIZE SHOW

On SUNDAY when ONE GOLD, ONE SILVER, and ONE ENAMELLED WATCH, will be given away.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

WREXHAM LAGER BEER

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.

Sold by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACDOWELL & CO., MADRAS.
D. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
And all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid,

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

YOUNG LADY willing to go home as help to any Lady with Children for 2nd Class Passages. Apply Mrs. HUME, Satara.

TO LET.—From 1st May, Ridge, Malabar Hill BUNGALOW, lately occupied by Hon'ble Mr. J. S. Jenkins.—Apply C. JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., Girgaum.

TO BE LET.—From 1st May, NEW BUILDING, 2nd Peerkhan St., New Nagpada; Verandah, Sitting, 2 Beds, Dining, Bath, Kitchen, W. C. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE.—One genuine DaDION single cylinder CAR, five seater, canopy top, glass screen, side curtains. A bargain Rs. 2,100.—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

RS. 65.—FOR SALE new PATHEPHONE, MODEL 2, 16 inch horn and 13 new double Sided records. Apply FOLLEY, Port Trust Quarters, Sassoon Dock, Colaba.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW or OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

WANTED.—A FITTER with knowledge of Electrical Fitting Work. Apply at once. No. 75, c/o "Bombay Gazette" office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Re. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ¾d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.

Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights

By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Captain House, Colaba Reclamation, opposite Warrant Officer's Quarters and near Colaba Railway station very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood French polished dining, drawing and bedroom furniture such as sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirrors, sideboard, dumbwaiters, whatnots, meat safes, tapestry lined drawingroom suite, iron framed cottage piano by R. Rose and Co. in very good order, marble top tables and teapoys, cabinets, chiffoniers, book-cases, pier tables, corner cabinets, writing tables, palm stands, upholstered easy chairs, verandah seats, bed screens, 400 days' clock under dome, Chubb's and Milner's cash boxes, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, mirror chest of drawers, clothes and hanging presses, iron safe, leather portmanteau, sewing machine, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, rich table ornaments, rich electro-platedware by Elkington and Reed and Barton, glass and porcelainware, ice-box, copper utensils, etc.

The property of S. N. Powell, Esquire, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of 15 Loose Reed Looms by Messrs. William and Mills, Blackburn.

Under instructions from Messrs. Javeri and Co., of Apollo Street, Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th inst. at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms in Fort on account and at the risk of Messrs. The Ahmedabad Shri Ramkrishna Mills Co., Ltd., of Ahmedabad, 15 looms as below:—

16 cases and 15 packages marked R. M. Javeri, Bombay 91-121 and 982—8, 58" reed space left hand and 7, 58" reed space right hand looms, complete.

For particulars and inspection of one similar complete erected loom, apply to Messrs. Javeri and Co., Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

Sale on SATURDAY, the 30th instant,

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Evelyn House, Apollo Bunder, near the Saluting Battery, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished plain and carved dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, such as sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, silk tapestry upholstered drawingroom suite, ebonized sweet-toned cottage piano, roll top office table, oil pictures, chippendale cabinets, sewing machine, brass hall lamps, carved furniture, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, Singapore cane furniture, small Milner's safe, typewriter, iron and wooden bedsteads, mirror door almirras, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and hanging presses, camphorwood chest of drawers, glass door book cases, plain glass and porcelain ware, electro-plated ware, rich Persian carpets, table and hanging lamps, ice box with refrigerator, books, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of Capt. J. R. Deane and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of GARDEN PLANTS, at 9 a.m. (S. T.) on SUNDAY, 1st May, 1910.

On SUNDAY, the 1st of May, 1910, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 9 a. m. (S. T.), the garden plants and the remaining stable furniture, at Narayan Dabulkar Road, Lands End, Malabar Hill, property of Messrs. A. A. Vlasto and F. J. Ward.

The above is now on view and will be sold in small lots.

On SUNDAY, the 1st proximo, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hope Hill, Mazagon, and opposite old Hamilton Hotel compound very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood and mahogany English household furniture, of which few pieces are by Wiubridge and Roberts, such as sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, mirror back sideboard, dinner waggon, whatnots, handsome English made drawingroom suite, English cabinets, marble top table and teapoys, fret work partition screens, one handsome sweet toned iron framed semi-grand piano by Soundy, sweet toned cottage piano by Soundy, in very good order, handsome oil pictures, iron and brass bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand table, clothes and hanging presses, gas chandeliers, pier glasses, Persian carpets, rich glass and crockeryware, rich electro-plated-ware, rubber-tyred victoria, Waler horse, garden plants, fern house, garden roller, etc., etc.

The property of A. F. Soundy, Esquire, and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 2nd May, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as chairs, easy chairs, tables, side-tables, writing and wash-hand tables, sofas, teapoys, cupboards and mirror single and double door almirras, side-boards, iron safes, etc.

At 3 p.m. (S. T.),

Several gent's and lady's bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 29th April, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, situate at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, out of Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of transferee of the Mortgage, who is the transferee of one-half of the mortgage del. and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Kombhar Moolji, Pacha Luxman Moolji and Rama Mulji, to Mortgagors, and in pursuant to the power and by virtue of an indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 20th day of August, 1901, and expressed to be made between the said Koombhar Moolji Pacha of the first part and Luxman Moolji and Rama Moolji of the second part and Laxkma, Mot, Kastoor and Bai Vali, widow of Jeth Kapoor, of the third part and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgagee, dated the 5th day of November, 1909 made between Bai Sarubai, widow of Gana, Lackma, the one part and the Transferee of the other part, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th day of April, 1910, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned propert on the premises at 4-30 o'clock (S.T.) in the afternoon.

All that piece or parcel of land or Wadi (i.e. Cart) containing by admeasurement 2,510 square yards or thereabouts, together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Lady Jamsedjiload at Mahim, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector's Pension tax of Old No. 638 and New No. 4562, Old Survey No. 126 and New Survey No. 13, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 5718 (1), and Street No. 189, and bound as follows: i.e., on or towards the East by the property of Ganpat Pandurang Venkaji, on or towards the West by the wadi (cart), on or towards the North by the Public Road and on or towards the South partly by a wall of the said Wadi, and partly by the property of Wishwanath Wasudeo and were formerly and are now in the occupation of—

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Solicitors, for the Mortgagee at their office, No. 23, Church Gate Street Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT SALE.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO LOVERS OF WILD AND FANCY ANIMALS.

SALE on SUNDAY, the 15th day of May, 1910, at 8-30 p. m. (S. T.) in the morning, at 146, Hill Road, Bandra (near Bombay.)

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI, & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, as above, the surplus stock of Mr. John A. Witt, leaving Bombay, the representative of a well-known firm, sailing in wild animals, and live game, comriaing African lionesses, Siberian bears, Scotch whitenoble dee, Siberian white fallow deers, West Africanbaboons, nite swans, Emus white dwarf, ducks, goldsilver and seves, pheasants, white turkeys, German and Danis boars, hounds, Irish setters, fox terriers and air da terriers.

The sale affords a gad opportunity to game dealers, and private buyers, as there are some rare animas, birds and fowls, which are rarely offered to public sa.

May be viewed and catalogs obtained from the Auctioneers, or at the sale premises a week before the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th April, 1910.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Bungalow, at Nasik.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th April, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.), by order of the owner the following:—

One very large furnished freehold bungalow, with out-houses, kitchen and stables substantially built of hollow cement concrete blocks, centrally situated at about one mile from the town in the most healthy part of Nasik on the left hand side of the Trimbuck Road going from Nasik to Trimbuck, with an extensive garden land containing by admeasurement five acres or thereabouts, with a good well, standard roses and fruit trees.

The bungalow has one dining room, four bedrooms with dressing and bathrooms attached, a large verandah and sitting rooms. The house is so arranged that it can be divided into two as there are two entrances to it. It has a high plinth and altogether is the healthiest bungalow in Nasik, it having been built on the latest system of construction.

In addition to the big bungalow there is a smaller one in the compound and the ground has accommodation for two other small bungalows to be built without interfering with the main building.

For further particulars, conditions of sale, plan and photographs of the buildings apply to the undersigned.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mahomed Building, Hornby Road, Fort, above Messrs. John Roberts and Co., the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawingroom suits of sofas and chairs, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, one handsome sweet-toned piano by Seymour Dove, one dentist chair, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, brass and iron single and double Hink's and Ditmars' table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of H. H. Guest, Esqr., and others.

The property of another gentleman:—

One handsome strong rubber-tyred Rugby wheels victoria, with a handsome strong bay Arab horse and harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the third floor, opposite Duke's Aerated Water Depot, in Hummum Street, Fort, valuable household furniture, such as large cabinets, drawingroom cushioned sofas, marble-topped tables and teapoys, mirror almirah, cupboards, chest of drawers, glass book case, dining table, mirror sideboard, dinner waggons, easy and low chairs, teapoys, dressing and wash-hand tables, iron and brass double and single bedsteads, baba cots, typewriter, Singapore cane furniture, gent's bicycle, carpet, k. o. stove, glass, crockery and plateware, table ornaments, hanging and table lamps, etc., etc., the property of B. CIRAVEGNA, ESQ.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 29th April, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 236 CASKS CEMENT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Agents, B. I. S. N. Company, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 2nd May, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at E. and F. Sheds, Prince's Dock, on account of the concerned, ex s s "Chyebassa".

M R S—15 casks	cement	
D —6	Do	Do
3468 E F C and Co. Ltd—11	Do	Do
P W R—204	Do	Do

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 29th April, 1910.

Make your own Cigarette It is twice as good A.G. CIGARETTE PAPER BEST and PUREST LARGEST SALE IN GT BRITAIN

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... „ 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Lincyang	Eyojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Fengtien Makden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKER:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhowngar.)

CHUNILAL SHAKERLAL, Esq., (Messrs. Shakerlal Bros. & Co., Bombay.)

SHETHSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM."
Telephone No. 1575.

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

SAW MILL.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

A GOOD going Steam-driven Saw-Mill, situated quite adjacent to a very large forest area, with contracts on hand, and a good Stock of Timber, situated in the Bombay Presidency.

A capital opening for any Firm wishing to extend their business.

Apply to—

LIGNUM VITÆ,
care of this Paper.

WANTED.

A HEAD ELECTRICIAN. Salary Rs. 70 rising to 80. Applicant must be a capable Mechanic with experience in running high speed oil engines and with some knowledge of accumulators. Apply with testimonial.

W. F. STUART-MENTETH, M. I. E. E.,
Electrical Engineer.

WANTED.

A PROMINENT European firm in Rangoon wish to get into touch with a reliable Spinning Mill, producing Grey Yarns suitable for the Burma and China Markets. Communications, with full particulars, to be addressed to "MANDARIN," care of this Paper.

WANTED.

A SMART TYPIST. One having worked on a Hummond preferred. Apply No. 76 c/o this office.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

NIL DESPERANDUM.

WHY despair over the increase of duty? Huntly Blend is an excellent Whisky, and has been in the Market for over 20 years. Even now it will only cost you Rs. 2-6 annas per bottle. Why not give it a trial?

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNT

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, April 27.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... 81 2-16+1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs. 25·23 1/2—6-1/2
Rentes 3 per cent... ... ... 98 1/2 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ... 20·50 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot. ... ... 24 7/8+1-8
Do. 2 months hence ... ... 24 7/8+1-8
Closing Tone of Silver.—Rise caused by speculative buying.
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ... 63 1-4
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate) 1-3-14 1/2
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 17th Mar. 1910.
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ... 95 1/2 unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st ... 3 7-8—1-8
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 3 5/8—1/8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4 1/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months 4 3-8 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)... ... ... 77·9 unchgd
Interest day to day loans... ... 3 3-4 +1/8
Do. of day market loans ... 3 7/8 unchgd

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 9,000,000.

Rs. 1,390,000 were allotted to Calcutta
,, 13,30,000 ,, to Bombay
,, 8,10,000 ,, to Madras

Total Rs. 35,30,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·04.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 12,30,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 39,40,000 ,, to Bombay.
,, 3,00,000 ,, to Madras.

Total Rs. 54,70,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 9 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·07.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 96,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 80,00,000.

MANCHESTER, April 27.

COTTON.

Total day's Sales at Liverpool ... 8,000 Bales.
Do. day's Sales on Spot and for Exp ..... ,,
Do. day's Sales of East Indian ... . ,,
Do. day's Imports ... ... 1,000 ,,
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot.—Moderate demand, steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures—Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ... Steady.
Mid Americans ... ... 7·98—3
Egyptian F. G. F. ... ... 14 7-8 unchgd

	A.-M.	M. J.	J. J.
Cotton Delivery	7·87 unchgd	7·63 —1	7·59 —1
Mid Uplands	J.-A. 7·54 unchgd	A.-S 7·27 —1	S.-O. 6·89 —1
G. O. C.	O.-N. 6·72 —2	N. D. 6·54 —2	D.-J. 6·52 —2

Grey Shirtings, 41/42 in. by 38 yds 16-15 at 8·2 1-2
Do. 44 in. by 38/38 1-2 yds 9 lbs at 8·7 1-2
White Shirtings 40/41 in. by 40 yds 18 square at 9·9
Do. Nainsooks 43 in. by 36 yds 22 lbs by 21 at 6·6

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 27.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 12,000
Do. Last year 19,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... .
Do. Exports to Continent 10,000
Futures at New York..... Advanced on favourable cables and declined later on commission house liquidation.
May 14·65 —12
Do at New York.....
July 14·65 + 5
Spot Cotton at New York... ... 15·05—20
Fair Rio Coffee (No.7 quality) ... 8 3-8 unchgd
Demand Bills ... ... 4·88 +1-8
Silver Commercial Bars ... ... 54 1/8+1-3/8
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 14 3-4 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ... Quiet.
Futures at New Orleans ... ... May 14·44— 5
Do. at New Orleans ... ... July 14·56—7

LINSEED.

LONDON, April 27.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 61
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—Apl.-May.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Hamburg.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Buyers, Sellers, &c Done.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. 36 3-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs C.I.F. 33 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Value.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 44 1-4
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 43 3-4
Do. Months—Apl.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 40 1 8
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers,etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Steady
Do. bay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 64 1-2
Do. months—May-June.
Do. ame of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. hether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Steady

SUGAR.

Do. ulated sugar C. and F.
Do. ble bags. 17-3 1-4
Do. s of Shipment, May-Aug.—Sellers.
Do. gar—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber... ... ... 11-10 Value.

ARRIVALS.

"Tonkin."

BOMBAY, April 28.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at 1s. 4 1-32d. for T.T., 1s. 4 1-16d. for demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote:—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready ...	1s. 4 1-16d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
D. D. Mail	... 1s. 4 1-16d.
T. T. Forward	... 1s. 4 1-32d. May
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1/8d.
Credits 3 m/s ,,	... 1s. 4 5-16d.
,, ,, Forward ...	...1s. 4 1-4d. June
,, 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 15/32d
France 3 m/s ,, ...	... 171
Marks 3 m/s ,, ...	... 139 1/4
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 132
,, Shanghai ...	... 177
,, Japan ...	... 149

The market is steady.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

94 9 0 ready.
94 11 6 31st May settlement.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London advanced by 1-8 both for ready and forward and New York was also 3-8 up.

Locally, silver opened at Rs. 72-10-0. London market having advanced and private advices from home reporting good demand from India, the market was firm, the opening tone of our market was strong and prices were put up by two annas, but afterwards there being sellers futures declined at the close to Rs. 72-8-0. There was a difference of about 3 to 4 annas between the first and second settlements which now stand at a difference of 6 annas, and the second settlement is quoted as Rs. 72-14-0. Demand for ready was as usual and about 100 packages changed hands.

The gold market remained quiet with very little up-country and local demand. Prices fluctuated by quarter of an anna. Sovereigns were in less demand and prices were easier by quarter of an anna.

We quote:—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 touch	27	7	0
National Bank	24	1	0
Chartered Bank	24	0	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	3
Australian	24	1	0

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	72	8	0
17 Penny ready	72	11	0
Local per tola	0	11	0
First Settlement	72	8	0
Second	72	14	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed :—London prices were 6d. up. Demand for ready and forward was more and prices advanced by two annas. Tone firm.

Rapeseed :—London prices were 2d. up. There was moderate demand and prices are unchanged. Tone quiet.

Gingellyseed and Castorseed :—There was a good demand for ready and forward and prices were put up by four to eight annas. Tone firm.

Cottonseed, Poppyseed, Groundnuts and Mowrasseed:—Moderate business is passing and prices remained the same. Tone quiet but steady.

Wheat :—The Home market declined by 6d. and there being more sellers, prices were easier by an anna. Tone quiet.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 10 15
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 10 12
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	...Rs. 6 6
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 7 2
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 7 4
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 9 12
Castorseed ...	... ,, 38 to 39
Mowrasseed... ...	... ,, 6 12
Maise	... ,, 22 to 23
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 42 to 45
Mustardseed ...	... ,, 85 to 92
Gingellyseed ...	... ,, 41 to 50
Khandesh Howri ...	,, 48 to 49
Gulburga do. ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Surat do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	,, 44 to 48
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do. do, 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50 ...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	,, 43 to 44
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	,, 42 to 43
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	,, 43 to 45
Do. Meggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hinganghat	,, 48 to 52
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	,, 41 to 43
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... ,, 35 to 37
Hard Red...	... ,, 32 to 33
Cottonseed	... ,, 25 to 26

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 27th April:—

Wheat	25,744 cwts
Linseed	33,776 ,,
Rapeseed	28,721 ,,
Gingellyseed	3,430 ,,
Poppyseed...	16,902 ,,
Groundnuts	1,048 ,,
Castorseed...	18,992 ,,
Rice	265,290 ,,
Myrabollams	2,619 ,,
Cottonseed...	15,619 ,,
Mowrseed...	... ,,
Gram	3,383 ,,
Joowar	4,084 ,,
Maize	18 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,472 1-2
India	67
Indian Specie	52 1-2

MILLS.

Crescent...	86 1/4
David	387 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,785
New Great Eastern	193 1/2
Standard	1,120

PRESSES.

New Mofussil... ... ... 777 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bamankua Manganese	8
Bombay E. S. and T. Co. Ord.	94
Bombay E. S. T. & T. Co. Pref. ...	180
Colaba Land & Mill	1,110
Treacher & Co	555

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Prantej	590
Tapti-Valley	452 1/2

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 2 points down, New York 20 down and New York futures 12 down and 5 up.

Our market at Colaba was quiet but steady and there was very little demand from mills and exporters and prices declined by Re. 1 to Rs. 2. Liverpool opener received in the evening reported rates to be less by 1 to 2, hence there was a good demand for futures and the market remained firm.

Good Broach opened at Rs. 292 but demand being more the rates advanced to Rs. 297 1-2 at the close.

We learn of the following purchases:—

Bales.			Rs.
300	Bussank	...Broach	... 320-322
500	do	...Amraoti	... 288
100	J A Begbie	...Jalna	... 263
300	Volkart Bros	...Khandesh	... 265
200	do	...Surat	... 345
100	W Wolf and Sons	...Broach	... 325
100	Elphinstone Mills	...Broach	... 322
100	do	...Comptah	... 322
100	Madhowji Mills	...Broach	... 327
400	Petit Mills	...Sawgin	... 326-330
400	do	...Broach	... 329-335
200	H Goculdas & Co	...Mathia	... 262
200	do	...Dhamangaon	... 285
200	do	...Bengal	... 255
200	S J David	...Mathia	... 270
200	do	...Amraoti	... 288
200	Ralli Bros	...Bengal ready	... 265-268

We quote:—

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	255
,, Good	...	253
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	283
,, Good	...	269
Sind Punjab Fine	...	280
,, Good	...	265
Khandesh Fine	Good	284
,,	...	274
Amraoti Fine	Good	293
,, ,,	...	285
Akola Knandgaum Fine	...	294
,, Good	...	286
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	302
,, Good	...	295
Yeotmal Fine	Good	307
,,	...	299
Nagpore Fine	Good	310
,,	...	302
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	313
,, Good	...	305
Methia Fine	Good	283
,,	...	273
Broach Gin Fine	...	325
,, Good	...	322
Sawginned Fine	...	322 Apl-May
Coompta Ginned	...	318 ,,
Westerns ,,	...	304 ,,

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 27th April:—

Khandeish	...	Bales.
Central India...	1,572	,,
Barsi and Nagur	205	,,
Berar	460	,,
Central Provinces	903	,,
Comrae...	2,140	,,
Dholera	1,663	,,
Broach...	1,905	,,
Coompta and Dharwar ...	2,191	,,
Westerns	4	,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)	284	,,
Bengals (Rajputana)	611	,,
Sind	20	,,
Persian	23	,,
Other sorts	7	,,
Total ...	9,558	Bales.

LIVERPOOL, April 28.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales...	6,000
Total Imports	.....
Future Delivery Prices:—	
Apl.—May.	7·75—2
May—June	7·62—1
June—July	7·57—2
July—Aug.	7·52—2
Aug.—Sept.	7·25—2
Sept.—Oct.	6·88—1
Oct.—Nov.	6·71—1
Nov.—Dec.	6·63—1
Dec.—Jan.	6·61—1
Market is steady.	

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	April. Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp	15 0	... 15 6
Dunkirk	15 6	... 16 0
Havre	.....	.....
Hull	15 0	.....
Liverpool	15 6	... 16 0
Marseilles	15 6	... 16 0
Genoa	15 0	... 15 6
London	15 6	.....
Hamburg	.....	.....
Trieste	17 0	... 18 0
Venice... ...	17 0	... 18 0
Open Ports	May & June	14 9
Market quiet.		

METALS.

We quote:—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4	21	
	28	
	35	
	42	
	56	Rs. 55 0
	63	
	70	
	77	
	84	
Yellow Metal Sheets	21	
	28	
	35	
	42	Rs. 45 0
	49	
	56	
Tin Ingots.	...	,, 40 6
Spelter S M ...	...	
M M ...	...	,, 18 8
J ...	...	
G ...	...	
Georgahutte ...	...	,, 23 4
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 48 10
Copper Sheetings ...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		,, 61 8
Yellow Metal Sheetings lbs. 14, 16	10, 12	,, 47 0

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, April 27.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other coin.
2 Bundles ...	...	1,380	1,400
2 do ...	...	3,750	533

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
2 Bundles ...	...	4,000	...
3 do ...	...	6,000	...
2 do ...	...	1,250	...
2 do ...	...	1,720	...
2 do ...	...	3,717	...
1 Bundle ...	...	850	...
1 do ...	...	500	...
1 do ...	...	1,500	...
1 do ...	...	1,600	...

Importers.	Vessel.	From
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Dwarka	Bushire
Do	do	Busreh
Do	do	C Mandvi
E Hayim	do	Busreh
Do	do	Bagdad
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Goalpara	Dwarka
Do	do	Jask
Do	do	P. Bunder
C Vadilal	do	Muscat

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 26th April 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	68	99,704
B. B. & C. I. Railway...	36	42,521

DAILY EXPORTS—APRIL 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—1,040 cwts myrabollams, T Nursey ; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 120 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.

City of Agra s—330 bales cottonwaste, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR LONDON.

Salsette s—1201bs ivory, A Visram.

Caledonia s—81 cwts sandalwood chips, S Nowroji and Co; 200 bales hemp, P Bhimji; 35 bales cotton cutting, M Somji.

FOR HULL.

Politician s—10,500 cwts cottonseed and 1,950 cwts castorseed A Khimji, 1,375 cwts cottonseed, T Canji.

Cloutshaw s—112 cwts castorseed, G Bhimji.

Commodore s—3,875 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR HAVRE.

Coniston Water s—1 pot andrepagon, Volkart Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Achlelister s—2,001 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Castalia s—50 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—2,519 cwts myrabollams, W Bechar ; 400 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy ; 50 bales cotton, S Framji and Co ; 220 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

Haigh Hall s—5 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 549 cwts linseed, G Bhimji.

FOR HAMBURG.

Clan Leslie s—165 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 55 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 120 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 101 bales cotton, H E Bode and Sons.

Adamsturm s—100 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy ; 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 200 bales hemp, P Bhimji ; 919 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros ; 1 bale carpets, S J Tellary and Co.

H R Jones s—110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 4,112 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

FOR BREMEN.

Adamsturm s—440 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 116 bales cotton, 5,998 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—100 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co.

City of Agra s—4,000 cwts castorseed and 6,804 gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia s—70 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Castalia s—2 casks skins, Errico N Stein.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Castalia s—23 casks skins, Errico N Stein.

FOR TRIESE.

Africa s—232 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Africa s—5 bales carpets, King King and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Tosa Maru s—250 bales twist, D D Cunranee and Co ; 200 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Tosa Maru s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 600 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 192 bales cotton, Vatcha Ghandi and Sons; 328 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Tosa Maru s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,550 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Tosa Maru s—1,315 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA

Tosa Maru s—9 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Tosa Maru s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

BAZIN—NEDOU—April 7, at the Cathedral, Lahore, by Rev E J Warlow, Walter O Bazin, D M D, of Peshawar, to May, daughter of Mr and Mrs M Nedou, Lahore.

BILEY—FORD—April 25, at Trinity Chapel, Madras, Owen Biley, fourth son of Patrick Biley, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, Northumberland, to Jessie Winnifred, eldest daughter of Joseph William Ford, of Madras.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Mail Steamer due at 6 a.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Bori Bundar, 7, 8-30, and 10 p.m.

Novelty Theatre: The Merrymakers and Novelty Cinematograph, 7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 p.m.

Maxim: "Secrecy is the soul of all great affairs."

Candidate for the I. C. S.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Shavakshaw Dhanjibhoy Dhondi appeared and made a declaration regarding his age, as he was proceeding to England to compete for the Indian Civil Service.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Mauritius, Tamatave and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per extra s. s. "Muttra" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow, Saturday. Supplemental mail will also be closed at 6-30 p.m., on Sunday the 1st May. Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Larenco Marques and other places in South Africa per extra s.s. "Umzinto" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Monday the 2nd May.

Band at the Parel Institute—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster commencing at 6 p. m. this evening:—

March.....Entry of the Gladiators...Fucik
Overture.....La Reine d'un Jour .....Adam
Intermezzo.....Salome .....Loraine
Selection.....Ma Mie Rosette .....Lacome
Valse .....Pour Le Bal.....Elliot
Selection.....A Gaiety Girl.....S Jones
Highland Patrol.The Wee Macgreegor ...Amers

Music at the Yacht Club.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. W. R. P. Wallace and Officers of the 1st Battalion, Gloucestershire Regt., the Band of the Battalion will play the following programme of music under the direction of Bandmaster A. F. Hawkes at the Esplanade Bandstand at 6 p. m. to-day:—

March.....Unter den Linden.....Crosse
Overture.....The Four ages of Man. Laschner
Dance .....Las Danse des Apaches..Clarke
Selection.....Fallin Faires.....German
Suite .....Scenes Alsacienne..Massanet
Valse .....Leinas Klange .....Lubitsky
Military March...Pomp and Circumstance..Elgar

A Fatal Accident.—On Wednesday evening, a cart loaded with seven cases of bobbins and driven by Hari Babaji was proceeding from the Gold Mohur Mills, Dadar, towards Madanpura. At Poibawdi the bullocks were unyoked. Three coolies, two Mahomedans and one Hindu, were seated on top of the cases. Whilst the driver was reyoking the bullocks, the cart accidentally tilted backwards with the result that the labourers with the cases were thrown on the road. One of the cases, weighing about five maunds fell on the Hindu cooly causing his instantaneous death. The other two were slightly injured and were treated at Sir J. J. Hospital.

STREET OBSTRUCTIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—A letter that appeared in the "Gazette" last week directed my attention to the gates of the Elphinstone Gardens. Instead of two cobblers, as stated, I found four squatted at the west entrance. I then went to Military Square Lane and found the bottlewallas with a miscellaneous collection. The beggars did not seem to be on duty in front of the Elpinstone College, but I am still impressed with the lordly indifference of our guardians of the peace to public comment reflecting on their attention to duty.

ANOTHER TAXPAYER.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

Wedraw the attention of the amusement-loving public of Bombay to the fact that the splendid current programme will be shown for the last time to-day. It is one of the finest programmes ever set before the public, who should not miss the grand opportunity of seeing the powerful combination of Europe's two first-class comedians, "Foolshead" and Max Linder. "The Trappers" is another interesting item and should rank as one of the most pathetic stories ever depicted on the screen. A new programme will be shown to-morrow, which is sure to prove as attractive as its predecessors. "Foolshead" with his side-splitting antics will again make his bow to the public and the audience is bound to laugh at he intensely amusing stories of his childhood, "Lud Nelson's Son" is another interesting item and the story of the child of England's National hero is full of engrossing interest. At the grand prize show on Sunday, one gold watch, one silver watch and one enamelled watch will be given away.

THE METEOR.

Fell in Bombay Harbour.

Fresh accounts continue to come to hand of the appearance of the Meteor on Sunday. A Bombay correspondent writes:—

The Mathera meteor fell in Bombay harbour! It was actually seen by a gentleman who described the phenomenon to me. The meteor appeared to come from a southerly direction having a distinct tail as it rushed through the air. The nucleus was described as a red-hot ball of about 3 feet in diameter, it threw up a column of water like a shell from some big gun. The meteoric swrm encountered in April are the Lyrids, but any real display is very rare. Usually, I understand, only stray Lyrids are met, and they are believed to have cometary association—though not with Halley. It is very possible that our visitor was a Lyrl.

Our Matheran correspondent writes:—There are a number of theoris, probable and improbable, put forward to account for the explosion on Monday evening. Some goo far as to imagine that it must have been some kild of bomb, especially as at the psychological mount when it exploded 4 10 p. m. the train with his Ecellency the Governor on board must have been nunding at Neral station a few miles away? It ocurred over Garbet and was seen by the Post Office and Telegraph people, one of whom describes it s having the appearance of a ball of fire, that it wat off with a loud bang and a long rumble that te tongue of flame shot out one way and the smke another: that it could not have been thrown; aother idea put out is that the military are tryig some new kind of shell. Shelling Matheran at his time of the year would be too dangerous an cperiment. What was required to make a complet picture was an airship. But probably it has all ben found out by this time. There was a distinct logthening of the comet's tail by a quarter of an inh this morning. But the topic of the bazar is te piece of comet that went bang!

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," April 28.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Shankar Ganesh Bhadbhade, Mamlatdar of taluka Barsi in the district of Sholapur, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr Janardhan Damodar Dikshit, Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Thana, to try all cases committed and hear all appeals in the Thana Sessions Division during the ensuing annual vacation of the Civil Courts.

The resignation of Mr Kamrud-ud-din Amir-uddin of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Bombay has been accepted.

Mr Raghunath Gangadhar Bhadbhade, Judge of the Cours of Small Causes, Poona, to have power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Poona District as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

Mr. Manilal Ajitrai Thakor, on relief, to be City Magistrate, Surat.

Mr L K Kalyanpurkar, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Belgaum, to exercise the powers contemplated in section 8 (1) of the Reformatory Schools Act.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr Kharsedji Ratanji Bahmanji, Collector of West Khandesh, is allowed privilege leave for one month with effect from 10th May or subsequent date.

Mr Gunvantrai Gulabrai Desai, on return from leave to be District Deputy Collector, Bijapur and Mr Vaman Bhivram Mardhekar to be District Deputy Collector, Kanara, vice Rao Bahadur Venkatrav Dattatraya Yennemadi retiring.

Mr Yeshavant Nilkanth to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector with effect from 1st May and to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture.

Rao Bahadur Ichharam Bhagavandas, on relief, to be Huzur Accountant Officer, Surat. Mr Sorabji Ratanji Master, on relief, to be Huzur Deputy Collector, Belgaum, displacing Mr Yeshavant Balappa Borkar.

During the absence on leave of Mr H N Allen, Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering, College of Science, Poona, or pending further orders:—Mr. Dinsha Dorabji Kapadia, Lecturer in Mathematics, College of Science, Poona, to act as Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering, College of Science, Poona. Mr. Bhanushankar Dhanji Audich to act as Lecturer in Mathematics vice Mr. Kapadia.

Mr. Dhiru Shankar Savarkar to be Head Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction vice Mr. Shivram Sadashiv Nadkarni.

Mr. Venkatesh Damoder Puntambekar to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector. Mr. Ganesh Venkatesh Joglekar to be substantive pro tem. Fifth Grade Deputy Collector.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Asmal Suleman Bapu, residing at Tankari is appointed, with effect from the 5th May to be a Conciliator under the Dekkan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, within the limits of the Jambusar Taluka in the Broach District vice Mr. Mahmad Muse Valibhhai, whose appointment is hereby cancelled.

Mr Suka Kachru, residing at Nanded, is appointed, with effect from the 5th May 1910, to be a Village Munsif under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for the village of Nanded in the Erandol Taluka of the East Khandesh District.

The appointment of Mr Vithal Baji Damle as a Village Munsif for the town of Jamner in the Jamner Taluka of the East Khandesh District, is hereby cancelled at his own request, with effect from the 1st of May.

Mr Ramchandra Gopinath Nagarkar, residing at Satara, is appointed with effect from the 5th May to be a Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, within the limits of the Satara Taluka in the Satara District vice Mr. Baburao Narayen Kale, resigned.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Atmaram Raghunath Kale to be Deputy Educational Inspector, Ratnagiri, on Rs. 950, but to continue to act as Deputy Educational Inspector, Satara, pending further orders. Mr Ramchandra Keshav Alekar to be Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholapur, on Rs. 200. Mr Hari Shamrao Sukhtankar to be Deputy Educational Inspector, Kolaba, on Rs. 200.

Mr Ramchandra Daji Nagarkar, First Class Subordinate Judge of Sholapur, has been granted privilege leave on full pay for ten days, and on half pay for five days, from the 28th January to 11th February both days inclusive.

Messrs Yashavant Nilkanthrav Nadkarni, B A, LL B, Cawashah Manekshah Taleyarkhan, B A, LL B, and Kaikhosru Rustamji Dhabhar, B A, LL B, are admitted as Vakils of the High Court.

Mr Behramji Kavasji Mistri, B A, LL B, is admitted a Vakil of the High Court.

Mr. Kashibhai Jhaverbhai Patel is authorised him to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr Gopal Balkrishna Deshpande is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Motilal Chhotabhai Patel is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr Govind Gopal Kulkarni is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Nasik District Judge.

Mr Pandurang Bhikaji Deshpande is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Govind Vasudeo Dani is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Nasik District.

Mr Manishankar Krishnashankar Bhat is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Broach District

Mr Nilkanth Chintaman Limaye, LL.B, is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Valchand Nanchand Shah is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr. Ghanashy

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Fox.....Comdr Hunt .....Royal Navy
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr W B Haddleston R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp.....
Survey Street

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—April 28.

Achledster .....2820 Gatt.....W & A Graham & Co
Africa.....1302 Chappel.....M M & Co
Afghanistan .....2848 Blault.....
Coniston Water...2832 Jones.....T Morrison & Co
Corinth .....2369 Chadwick.....
Clan Macnab.....2932 Ridgeway.....F Finlay & Co
Dandolo .....3197 Giacopello.....F R S N & Co
Exmoor .....2296 Dunbar ..L'pool...W&A G & Co
Goalpara .....1858 Whytehead.....M M & Co
Harlyn .....2223 Bird .....W&A Graham & Co
Hurst .....2907 Moody...W & A Graham & Co
Harpley .....2565 Folster.....W & A Graham & Co
Henry R James...1974 Mogg.....Killick Nixon & Co
Islami.....1604 Hawnah.....B & P S N & Co
Irish Monarch ...2792 Rettine.....T Morrison & Co
Lawmoor .....2560 Pippest...The Bombay & Co Ld
Lhasa.....941 McDiarmid .....M M & Co
Lord Antrim.....2773 Aitken.....J Finlay & Co
Maresfield .....2632 Davies.....Killick Nixon & Co
Negoa.....772 Maude.....M M & Co
Najmi.....2522 Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji
Pohhcian .....4737 Watson.....K Nixon & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born.....B & H S N & Co
Saifi .....502 Willoughby...B & H S N & Co
Singa.....1912 Nelson.....Shaw Wallace & Co
Seirstand .....617 Larsim.....F F Campbell & Co
Tosa Maru.....3610 Nomura .....N Y Kaisha
Vadala .....2164 Ramage .....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—April 28.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Lady Lewis	2145	Provo	Genoa	6-5	J Mackintosh & Co
C&R Othello	3327	Webster	Hull	6-5	J Finlay & Co
D&E Chupra	3954	Henderson	Antwerp	9-5	M M & Co
K Stanley Hall	2660	Henderson	Liverpool	30-4	Killick Nixon & Co
N Spanish Prince	4218	Jones	Philadelphia	10-5	W & A Graham & Co
O Naderi	1169	Gore	Zanzibar	28 4	B & P S N Co
P Adamsturm	3158	Seibji	Hamburg	5-5	W & A Graham & Co
Q Cloutshaw	3083	Smith	Hull	7-5	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Westmoor	2341	Waddle	Garston	7-5	W & A Graham & Co
2 Castalia	4081	Hamilton	Liverpool	8-5	W & A Graham and Co
3 Arlington Court	2832	Jones	Antwerp	30-4	W & A Graham & Co
4 City of Agra	3096	Buck	Liverpool	14-5	Killick Nixon and Co
5 Edernian	2284	Roberts	Genoa	7-5	James Mackintosh and Co
8 Comodore	2914	Bass	Hull	30 4	Killick Nixon & Co
8 Africa	2565	Seberich	Trieste	1-5	A L S N & Co
13 Caledonia	3529	Hayward	London	7-5	P & O S N & Co
15 Clan Leslie	2499	Goodevine	Hamburg	4-5	J Finlay & Co
16 Haigh Hall	3069	Davison	Antwerp	30-4	W & A Graham & Co

ARRIVALS.

Apr	Vessel.	Commander.	From
28	Tosa Maru s	Nomura	Kobe, Mar 28

DEPARTURES.

Apr.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
28	Minhla s	Younger	Rangoon
	Warora s	Stewart	Calcutta
	Rahmani s	Coates	Cacutta

The following vessels began to load on Thursday:—
Steamer Tosa Maru for China
" Wardha for Calcutta

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Apl.	Vessel.	From
24	Kincraig	London
24	Lawee	Calcutta
26	Fultala	Rangoon
26	Fazilka	Straits
26	Tara	Negapatam

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Austria, from Japan, left Hongkong on the 27th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Franz Ferdinand, from Bombay, arrived at Colombo on the 27th instant.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Shanghai Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 28th April 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	27	17	15	4	40
Teheran	28	13	45	1	3
Suez	28	14	10	0	48

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (19-11-09).

Communication with Persian offices Ahvaz and Mohammereh interrupted. Telegrams being posted from Borazjoon (11-11-09.)

Borazjoon reports Ahvaz line interrupted between Ramhormuz and Ahvaz.

Moulmein route to Siam via Kanburi interrupted beyond Indian Frontier (28-4-10).

Moulmein route via Raheng interrupted (28-4-10).

DR. ARTHUR WILLEY, the Director of the Colombo Museum, is leaving Ceylon for Canada in June, having accepted the "Strathcona" Professorship of Zoology at the MacGill University.

PRINCE HEINRICH REUSS XXXIII, who has been appointed German Ambassador to Japan has arrived in Colombo on his way to take up his new appointment. Prince Reuss is the son of the Princess of Sachsen-Weimar and the brother of Prince Reuss who visited Ceylon in 1905.

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The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 29th April, 1910.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

. All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

THE SITUATION IN INDIA.

THE views we expressed some time ago, on the subject of the liberation of the deportees, find an echo in the lucubrations of the writer of the India section of "Greater Britain and India" in the *National Review*. That periodical is remarkable for the unequivocal language its contributors employ, and from what this particular critic says we must deduct points for style. That done, there is sound reason in what is published. The writer complains that Lord Minto, Lord Morley, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Hobhouse, Lord Crewe and the Master of Elibank have all from time to time reiterated the same delusive tale that the political situation in India is improved, and, says he, there have been moments when, on reading their speeches, one has been tempted to wonder whether the bombs of Indian anarchists are mere squibs and the revolvers nothing more than children's pop-guns. On their showing "the tension has always been miraculously eased, the situation has always conveniently assumed a better condition, the outlook has always presented new and hopeful signs, just before a Parliamentary debate; and then within a limited period, there has generally followed the inevitable assassination. Healthy optimism is a good quality to cultivate in India and about India just now, if the official optimists do not allow their fond hopes to blind them to realities; but when the avowed cheerfulness of the Executive produces grave mistakes, it cannot be too severely condemned." Our object in protesting against the liberation of the deportees was to warn Government against showing any sign of wavering in its trenchant dealing with anarchism and sedition, and we are glad to see that in all parts of the country, though there are few signs of recent developments of the former, vigorous measures are still being exercised against the latter. Day by day we hear of the seizure of literature, alleged to be of a seditious character—one of the publications, of which large numbers have been annexed, being the story of a former deportee's experiences as a deportee. When the English edition of that work was issued we reviewed it in these columns and found it sufficiently harmless; but the Marathi edition, which is taken exception to by the authorities, may contain much which did not appear in the English—the original edition, we believe.

The Viceroy, in announcing the release of the State prisoners who had been deported fourteen months before, said, as is recalled by the *Review's* contributor "Our justification for their release is based upon the belief that the political position is entirely changed, that the political movement of which they were the leaders, seditious as it was, has degenerated into an anarchical plot which can no longer be legitimately included as part of the political agitation in which they were so culpably interested." It has changed, but for the worse, as we said in our own words, but the contributor, to whose article we call attention, observed that Lord Minto was expressing his honest belief that "the reforms now in operation had removed some of the grievances of Indians, and would rally to the support of the Government those who were well affected towards British rule. But the real answer to his roseate belief is that, with curious infelicity, it was expressed on the introduction of the most drastic Press Act ever enacted in modern India. That Act is intended to deal with a condition of the vernacular press which, for virulence and violence and the dissemination of incitements to murder, is certainly far in excess of any symptoms visible five years ago. To cherish any belief that India is in better ease than she was five years ago, is to live in the realm of dreams. There can be no condonation of the action of Government of India in releasing the deportees at this juncture." So we said at the time, though in more temperate phraseology, and we have yet to learn that one of these ex-deportees has exerted himself in the remotest degree in the direction of the loyalty and co-operation anticipated, or that the most drastic Press Bill "ever enacted in modern India" has prevented the printing and circulation of seditious literature. A new issue of the *Yugantar* has been distributed throughout the length and breadth of India within the past month, and while the Press Act, whose defects we pointed out at its birth, remains at it is, it is the simplest thing in the world to print and circulate as much seditious literature as would fill every ship in the docks.

There is a lull at present, it is true. Bombay methods have caused a check in the operations of the anarchists. They have put the fear of the law in the hearts of rebellious organisations of all kinds—even of those on the other side of India, for surely what can be done on this side can be done on that. Had there been a Criminal Investigation Department worthy the name in Bengal, anarchism would have been stamped out long before it reached the Western Presidency. But it has not been killed; only scotched. Hence it behoves Government to keep its sleuth-hounds keenly at work and if the literature, now being seized in various parts of the country, is only mildly seditious—better err on the side of safety. The search for arms should not be relinquished, nor should vigilance be relaxed in the efforts to unearth the men who supply funds for the purchase of arms and the dissemination of pamphlets and inflammatory leaflets. They, after all, are the direct offenders, and once they are brought to light the operations of their minions will cease. The *Review's* contributor attaches more importance to the Press Act than we do, apparently believing it capable of effecting all that is desired of it. "The Government of India," he says, "are sometimes far more ready to pass laws than to put them into practice. So far as the Press Act is concerned, they should be ready to show. . . that when they move, their arm is as long as a writer's night." Well, let the Act be put into force as rigorously as possible and let there be no "pendulum-like swinging between swift severity and flabby forgiveness" as the contributor so elegantly phrases it, but even then it is potent for but little good in stamping out disaffection and lawlessness. No one, with knowledge at first hand, can truly say that the situation has improved. Cowed for the time being we believe, though it may only be that they are playing a waiting game, there are other would-be "martyrs" in various parts of the country. There are also men, in whose hands these are but puppets, who must be brought to justice before the political situation in India can be said to have improved.

THE AFRICAN ELEPHANT DYING OUT.

UNLESS some stringent measures are taken for its preservation, the African elephant, we are told, is in danger of extinction. This statement is made on no less an authority than that of Lieutenant-Colonel Patterson, who is thoroughly qualified to speak on the subject of big game in Africa. The danger, of course, arises from the wholesale unrestricted slaughter which is allowed to go on in some parts of the continent for the benefit of the ivory trade, and we feel no surprise at hearing that the Congo State is the chief sinner. In all the British Colonies there are elephant preserves, and in French, German and Portuguese territory the animals are given some measure of protection. In the Congo there appears to be no limit whatever to the slaughter which may be committed, and two if not three large preserves are urgently needed. In both France and England there are influential societies, interested in the preservation of wild fauna, and Colonel Patterson urges that these should approach their respective Governments with a view to pressure being exerted on the Belgian authorities. The Congo is one of the only two tracts where large herds of elephants still exist. The other is the Uganda country. That is under British administration and therefore there are elephant preserves, but more stringent measures than at present exist are regarded as desirable. In different parts of Africa the weight of a tusk which may be legally bartered varies from about 9lbs. to 30lbs. In Uganda the low minimum of 11lbs. has been adopted, and this permits the killing of cows and immature bulls. What is needed in Africa is a international agreement for the protection of the herds, fixing a universal and air minimum of tusk-weight, otherwise the African elephant is bound to disappear in face of the decimation which the ivory-hunter is permitted to inflict. It is a well-known fact that elephants in Africa have been much reduced in numbers durig recent years, and yet statistics show that exports of ivory are on the increase.

MUNICIPAL CRITICISMS.

As no examination for competence accompanies the election or nomination of our Municipal Councillors, it happens occasionally that men are admitted who have few if any qualification for the duties of a City Father—or Corporator—as some of them like to style themselves. They never study, and their lack of special knowledge is often accompanied by an ungovernable disposition to talk on any and every subject. This weakness sometimes shews itself in attacks on the technical or scientific work of the executive officials who, even when ill-treated, as not always in a position to hit back. The "corporator" is irresponsible, and loquacous, and the paid servant must grin and bear it. But it is not so in every part of the world. An American contemporay tells how these affairs are conducte in a certain Municipal Council in Pensylvania. A suspicious councilman fell ful of the city engineer regarding the expenditure upon a retaining wall. After various caustic and insulting remarks he finally expressed a conviction that the work was not honestly measured up. To this formal charge the city engineer made the following prompt reply:—"I will agree to submit the measurement of the work in question to Mr. L. (the engineer of a local manufacturing company). If he does not find the amount of work to be just what I have reported it to be, I will agree to pay his bill and resign my position as city engineer provided that if he does find my measurements correct you will pay his bill and resign from the Council." The offer was not accepted.

FRENCH AERIAL FLEET.

WE recently referred to the stormy debate which occurred in the French Chamber of Deputies, when a member strongly impugned the Government for its dilatory policy in warship construction. The Minister for War made a very poor show of a defence, and M. Briand's Government were fortunate to have secured the vote of confidence which terminated the discussion. Germany's superiority in these new vehicles of war was demonstrated indubitably, and it would now appear that the debate has had its effect. The Government are seriously alarmed at the position in which the War Department finds itself in this respect, and according to a report which the Paris *Daily Mail* publishes, have given orders for eight airships to be constructed at once. These, with the air-ships which were recently presented to the Republic by patriotic donors, will constitute an extensive building programme, and counting those that are under construction for Germany, will make the airship fleets of the two countries practically on an equality. It is hardly likely, however, that Germany will allow her advantage to slip. Having once gained a start on her near neighbour, we may expect her to retain it at least for some lengthy time, and doubtless before long she will be issuing a building programme as a counterblast to that of France.

THE POLICEMAN'S "DAY OFF."

IN one respect at least "the policeman's lot is not a happy one." We mean the policeman in England, the poor "Bobbie" who it seems never gets his "day off," or at least very rarely. There does not seem much reason why the policeman should not have his regular day or half day. In fact he is more entitled to it than a good many who get a great many more holidays. However local authorities—and one after the other, it has been discussed by many—object. They say it means employing an additional number of men and sending up the rates. Therefore it cannot be done. Now that some one has introduced a Police Weekly Restday Bill into the House of Commons, the Watch Committees have sent a deputation to Mr. Winston Churchill objecting to it. They will not agree unless the Treasury will contribute towards the cost. That the Treasury declines to do, However whether they agree or do not agree, we are glad to see that the policeman's Bill is now bound to go through and the "Bobbie" is to have his day's rest in seven.

SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON leaves Simla to-day on a short tour to the Merai, and returns in the middle of next month.

IN the fourth "Swarajya" sedition case at Allahabad on Wednesday the accused was committed to the Sessions.

THE Hon. Mr. Fenton, Additional Member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council, proceeds home on leave for the summer.

THE P. & O. Company's s.s. "Egypt" with the outward mails of the 22nd instant passed Suez at 10 p.m. on Wednesday last.

THE P. & O. Company's s. s. "Mantua" with the homeward mails of the 23rd instant arrived at Aden at 4 p.m. on Wednesday last.

A GOVERNMENT of India Resolution on the working of the Inventions and Designs Act during 1909 will appear in the next "Gazette of India."

REPORTS have reached from Ghazipur that the town is being deserted by the inhabitants owing to plague. Thefts have become very common there. Incendiarism is rife.

LIEUT. E. L. CALDECOTT, R. G. A. will be Private Secretary to Sir Harvey Adamson in Burma and Lieut. E. C. Lentaigne, Fourth Gurkha Rifles, his A.-D.-C.

MR. GEORGE SEYMOUR CURTIS, I.C.S., has been nominated by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay to be an Additional Member of the Legislative Council in place of Mr. Frederick Greville Pratt, I.C.S., whose resignation has been accepted.

INDIAN Railway earning continue to improve. Figures have now been received for the first sixteen days of the current month. The total is twenty-two lakhs more than in same period last year and twenty lakhs more than in the same period of bumper season 1907-08 which previously held the record.

DURING the week ended April 26, 30 1-2 chests of opium were removed from the warehouse at Bombay. Of these eight were shipped to China and five to Mauritius. The remainder were purchased by farmers as follows:—Dharampur, 1-2; Cambay, 2; Vao State, 1; Godhra, 3; Palanpur, 2; and Ahmednagar, 9. During the same week 2 1-2 chests were imported from Indore.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending April 26, was 831, giving a death-rate of 44·19 per annum per thousand as against 60·14 the corresponding period of last year, and 79·26 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 44 died from fevers; 203, plague; 48, small-pox; 3, measles; 1, cholera; 40, phthisis; 50, diseases of the nervous system; 174, affections of the respiratory organs; 30, diarrhœa; 23, dysentery; 27, still-born; 74, old age and debility; 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 25; Brahmin, 22; Lingaet, 3; Bhattia, 11; Hindu of other caste, 372; Hindu low caste, 81; Musalman, 249; Parsee, 21; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 40; European, 4. The total number of births was 349 as against 328 the corresponding period of last year, and 352 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

EVERYTHING FOR THE BEST.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 9.

AT Claremont there is rejoicing that a second son has been added to the household of Princess Alexander of Teck, whilst the news of the birth on the previous day of a daughter to the Crown Princess of Sweden at Stockholm last week was received with much satisfaction here by the members of the Royal Family with whom "Princess Daisy," as they still call her, is very popular. The Princess, having given birth to two sons, felt she had done her duty to the State, and herself longed for a little girl, so that everything has happened for the best. It is hoped that when June is here both the Crown Prince and Princess will pay the Duke and Duchess of Connaught a visit at Bagshot, and bring their children with them. When in England their Royal Highnesses go about a good deal, and it is always remarked by her friends here that the Princess has lost nothing of her English charm of manner and speech. The two daughters of the Duke of Connaught, the Princess Louise Duchess of Argyll and Princess Alexander of Teck, are the most English of our Royalties, and even their prejudices may be written down as British.

PERSONALIA.

It is surprising "a propos" that the Czarina and Crown Princess of Roumania invariably speak English with their husbands, and this is not hearsay, but a matter of fact. As both the Czarina and Roumanian Princess have been but little in England and are essentially foreign in thought, it would have been but natural if either had taken frankly to French, the conventional language of Courts, or to Russian or Roumanian. To return, however, to the Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden. The latter has made herself much beloved in the land of her adoption. Nay, her brightness and simplicity have won all hearts. The Crown Prince is described by his English friends as "simpatica," and he is certainly full of intelligence, has artistic tastes, and is able to join in conversation on whatever subject is going forward. Devoted to sport, he is equally keen at athletics, and when in England at the time the Olympian games were going on at Shepherd's Bush he did not miss a single important display at the Exhibition during the course of his visit. When first he became engaged to Princes Margaret of Connaught, the questions most frequently asked about her by the Swedes were, "Is she strong?" and "Is she religious?" For the Swedes had suffered from the fact that their previous Crown Princess and Queen, too, were of health so delicate, and views so Puritanical that they were but rarely seen in places of even the mildest form of amusement. That Princess Margaret held reasonable views on all things, and was pretty and good natured into the bargain delighted them greatly when they came to know her.

THE ARGYLLS.

Lady Frances Balfour has been giving her opinion on the divorce question. She is one of the younger daughters of the late Duke of Argyll, and has inherited some of his splendid talents. She writes well, is a fluent platform speaker, and takes a keen interest in politics, and especially in the Votes for Women movement. She makes London her headquarters, but is as devoted to Scotland as her brother, Lord Archibald Campbell, or her sister, Lady Victoria Campbell, who lives on the island of Tiree. Lady Frances Balfour is a regular Argyll. She has the fair, rather red hair, blue eyes, and small, neat features of her race, and also much of their high bred calm of manner. She and her husband care nothing for the smart set, and their town house is in West Kensington. The Campbells are mostly Presbyterians, but Lady Frances and her eldest sister, the Duchess of Northumberland, profess the faith of the Irvingites. Mr. Eustace Balfour is not as famous as his brothers, Mr. Arthur and Mr. Gerald Balfour, but he writes well, and is an authority on military matters, and on architecture.

A NEW SENSATION.

Rumours are in the air that Lady Dorothy Nevill may produce yet another book of recollections. She is seldom paragraphed, but it would be hard to find a more interesting personality. A daughter of the third Lord Orford, Lady Dorothy, as a girl travelled much, saw the world and made the acquaintance of many celebrities. She is, perhaps, the greatest woman wit of her time, and a brilliant talker, especially at dinners. Her recreations are described as "horticulture, botany and the fine arts," but in point of fact her favourite amusement is entertaining. Her Sunday luncheons are institutions. His Majesty the King when Prince of Wales, used to be a frequent guest and was heard to declare that her parties were the pleasantest in London. Lady Dorothy tells her friends frankly that she doesn't like politics, yet no living woman has known more statesmen or been told more political secrets. Her greatest friend was Dizzy, who put her into more than one of his novels, and she has known such notable figures as Richard Cobden, Mr. Fawcett, Sir Stafford Northcote (afterwards Lord Iddesleigh), John Bright, Lord Randolph Churchill, and the late Mr. Gladstone. And present day celebrities are among her intimates.

A DILEMMA OF THE SEASON.

May theatre proprietors sell tickets for the stalls, knowing that purchasers will probably see nothing but a mass of straw and feathers in the row in front of them, or does the sale imply a view of the stage? The question interests many people, and will probably be duly discussed in court to the satisfaction of those who would actually like to know what they may expect for the price of a theatre stall. Mr. Frank Curzon, who permitted two ladies to leave the Prince of Wales's Theatre on Wednesday afternoon rather than remove their hats, told a "Daily Telegraph" representative that he is prepared to stand by the consequences of his action. Having sent the lady a cheque for the amount she had paid for her seats, he had the guinea returned almost at once, and he understands that the matter will go further. Such a point, cleared up at the commencement of a theatre season, will be a decided boon to a large section of the community. The matinee hat makes a new claim to attention, for this year it approaches cart-wheel dimensions, and reposes on shoulders accentuated by means of ruffles and scarves. Of late years matinee hats have decreased, and the proportion of ladies who obstruct the public vision by their headgear has been decidedly on the wane. Some ladies, according to the statement of an authority, do not care in the least whether people seated behind them see the stage or not, and, as a rule, a request to remove a hat, however politely it was proffered, would be ignored or refused. Sometimes a timid voice behind a huge hat does not even penetrate to the ears of the wearer. Hair is dressed now in curls to conceal the ears, and it is quite probable that the hearing is dulled.

MUSHROOM HATS AND MENUS.

This extravagant style presents many difficulties. Small women seem to have a peculiar predilection for the type of hat known as the mushroom, resembling, when it rests on the shoulders, nothing so much as a candle-extinguisher. A little woman seated herself the other day in a restaurant, and, seizing a menu held it up to meet the brim of her hat of this order. Then she mumbled her request, and as her command remained unheeded, she grew very angry, called for the manager, and wished to have the waiter dismissed on the spot. The solution of the whole matter was that the waiter, very tall, and unable to speak English or understand the language unless he was directly addressed, had not the faintest idea that the small person under the big hat brim closed in by the menu was talking to him at all. One more difficulty will meet theatre managers should license as to size of headcoverings be the result of the investigation of the case in point. Hats the season will be high as well as wide, and from their apex will wave a mass of plumes or an embroidered veil. Two abnormal hats cannot possibly be placed side by side on the average theatre seat, so that either the hat must be reduced to fit the house or each lady must pay for two places. The front row of the stalls is the only one of any use at all. Two cart-wheels cannot be accommodated together.

THE PARISIENNE'S FIGURE.

Very small at the hips and well-shaped at the bust is the Parisienne's figure to-day. I say to-day advisedly, as there was a time when the hips were most marked not to say remarkably large. But "the old order changeth," and hips have disappeared. There is nothing more becoming than a smartly-cut tailor suit on a well-corseted woman, for it must be owned that if the cowl does not make the monk, the corset makes the woman. With an ill-made corset she does not look like a woman at all, her proportions are not as they should be, for an inferior cut corset has changed her natural shape. To-day the hips are left where nature made them, but it is the art of the corset-maker to make them appear as small as possible, and give that roundness to the upper part of the figure that is indispensable to a really elegant carriage. And would you know how the majority of Parisiennes gratify their desire to look perfectly shaped? (This is for feminine eyes alone.) They adopt totally different corsets with a tailor-made costume from those they wear with a low dress. If you will consider this question for a moment you will see how sound is their judgment, and how well Claverie the corset-maker, of 234 Faubourg St. Martin has satisfied their requirements. He supplies them with exactly the class of corset needed for the tailor jacket, and all who wish to look their best in walking attire should profit by the easy directions he has established for taking their own measurements, and write for one of his delightfully comfortable and elegant models.

FASHIONABLE FOULARDS AND SERGES.

The new spring tailor costumes are in foulard and serge in the becoming tints known here as "gros bleu and bois de rose." The skirts are made a trifle shorter and narrower at the feet. Those in the foulard have either a row of spherical buttons of the material on either side at the hem, or a mass of knife pleats from the waist to the knees above a wide band of cloth to match. The serge skirts have just a couple of rows of stitching below the knees. Here are the descriptions of several pretty dresses particularly admired at this race meeting. One rosewood coloured foulard had a narrow mat stripe and satin stripe woven alternately, while the entire mateiral was covered with small mat wafers beneath a mass of tiny white dots. The skirt was pleated to the knees above a band of "bois de rose" cloth. The short jacket, in foulard, had a shawl collar in cream embroidered linon held at the bust with a knot of black mousseline de soie. Then a "gros bleu" foulard with a short round-basqued coat completed with revers in shot grey silk had the three indispensable spherical foulard buttons on the either side of the skirt. Thirdly a rosewood serge costume wherein the short coat pouched ever so slightly over a loose stitched waistband, had elbow-sleeves finished with narrow cuffs in white pique. These a semi-training dress in "gros bleu" foulard was made in the style of the First Empire. The material had a satiny sheen while the trimming consisted of a band in mat blue foulard covered with a blurred polychorme design. This band four inches wide bordered the skirt and crossed it in front, formed the waist ribbon and continued round the bust and upon the sleeves. A high yoke in white pleated tulle imparted soft note to the bodies.

A SENSATIONAL FOULARD AND LACE GOWN.

The sensational gown of the afternoon was in corn-coloured satin foulard and mousseline de soie almost covered by wide flounces of priceless Venetian point. The squire training skirt opened Japanese fashion over an underdress of corn-coloured mousseline de soie and Alencon. The Venetian point was dyed the same golden hue as the foulard and mu... Even the square handbag in velvet and ... beads matched the toilette as regards co... ing. The sole contrasting note was disce... in the capeline of moderate size in ... brown crinoline straw with a volumi... white and gold cigrette in front. T... graph of this beautiful woman in her ... foulard and lace gown is reprodu... Note the string of pearls crossing ... and fastened at the shoulder wit... emerald.

HOW TO BE A MODEL WIFE.

If all wives decided before marriage as did Isabel Lady Burton there wo... fewer unhappy married couples. Her ... some of the rules recorded by C. J. Hamilto... in "Famous Love Matches" she drew up be... fore her marriage and to which she endeavoured to adhere throughout her wedded life: —"Let your husband find in you a companion friend and adviser, that he may miss nothing at home. Make his home snug be it ever so small and poor there can always be a certain chic about it. Men are always ashamed of a poverty-stricken home and therefore prefer the club. Attend much to his creature comfort. Allow smoking or anything else for if you don't somebody else will. Improve and educate yourself in every way that you may enter into his pursuits and keep pace with the times. Take an interest in everything that interests him. To be companionable, a woman must learn what interests her husband, and if it is only planting turnips, she must try to understand turnips. Never confide your domestic affairs to your female friends. Hide his faults from everyone, and back him up in every difficulty and trouble. Never permit anyone to speak disrespectfully of him before you, and if any one does, leave the room. Never answers when he finds fault, and never reproach him when he is in the wrong, nor take advantage of it when you are angry. Always keep his heart up when he has made a failure."

THE Bill to amend the Punjab Tenancy Act of 1887 will not be introduced as intended at the meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council on 6th May.

THE Anagarika Dharampal gave an interesting lecture on Bramacharaya on Thursday evening at six in the Carmichel Library Hall at Benares. Professor Unwalla of the Hindu College presided.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

"NOT FINANCE BUT A PENAL CODE."

Mr. Bonar Law's Rasping Criticism.

PREMIER PRAISES THE CHANCELLOR.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, APRIL 27.

In the House of Commons this evening, the Finance Bill was read a third time by 324 votes to 231.

It was read a first time in the House of Lords.

LONDON, APRIL 28.

In the Budget Debate in the House of Commons last night, Mr. Bonar Law said the majority had been secured by underground burrowing, and not on the merits of the case. The Budget was not finance but a penal code, injuring trade and the national credit.

Mr. O'Brien said Ireland disowned the Budget, and would not rest till the extra taxation had been torn out.

Mr. Devlin, as an Irish democrat, gave the Budget his unqualified support. He said the O'Brienites, who were now in league with the landlords and tariff reformers, had driven Parnell to his grave, but they would not shake Mr. Redmond's hold upon the affections of the people.

Mr. Asquith contrasted the enormous deficits of France, Germany, Russia and the United States with Mr. Lloyd-George's surplus, even after redeeming six millions of the National Debt out of revenue. He declared that the taxation was equally distributed among all classes. No part was more justified than the increased license duties. He pointed out that there was a British majority for the Budget and no preponderating opinion against it in Ireland. The Opposition's talk of a bargain was arrant, rank and transparent hypocrisy. Mr. Asquith expressed unalloyed satisfaction that he had chosen to initiate Old Age Pensions, and had been permitted through the genius, tact, patience and courage of Mr. Lloyd-George to be associated with him in a great financial scheme, that would provide an ample expanding reservoir for the needs of defence and social reform.

LATER.

Mr. Asquith had an audience with the King this afternoon with reference to the political situation.

LORD KITCHENER AT HOME.

Delighted to Return.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

Lord Kitchener arrived at Waterloo Station this afternoon. He was received by Lord Knollys, representing the King, and by Lord Roberts and officials. He drove off in a motor with Lord Roberts amid cheering.

Among those assembled on the station to meet Lord Kitchener were: Sir Arthur Bigge, representing the Prince of Wales; Sir George Reid, representing the Commonwealth; Sir R. T. Ritchie and Colonel Sir J. Dunlop Smith, of the India Office; Sir Edward Ward, of the War Office; Lord Morley's secretary, Lord Lucas; Lord Midleton and Sir H. Settle.

Interviewed by Reuter, Lord Kitchener said, he was delighted to return to England. He was anxious to see its changes, especially the growth of electric railways, motors and aviation. Turning to his travels, he said, he had been greatly impressed by developments in [illegible]. The people were very keen on their defences. He was delighted with the all-pervading activity of its Army.

LATER.

[illegible]er was received in a most [illegible] this afternoon by His Majesty [illegible]d Kitchener his baton.

[illegible] a series of questions in the [illegible]ommons, with reference to the [illegible]ements of Lord Kitchener and [illegible] for a more fitting post, Mr. [illegible] replied that Lord Kitchener will [illegible]mediately take up his duties in the [illegible]tranean. He asked members to withhold criticisms till he was able to define Lord Kitchener's duties. He added that they would include the inspection of troops in South Africa.

ENGLISH COTTON TRADE.

Employers Insist on Reduced Wages.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

The cotton employers at a meeting at Manchester to-day decided with two dissentients to enforce the five per cent. reduction in wages.

MR. McKENNA'S TRIP TO GIBRALTAR.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

Mr. McKenna sails for Gibraltar on the "Enchantress" on Friday for an official inspection. Mr. Asquith will accompany him, and is expected to be absent for a fortnight.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, APRIL 72.

The death is announced at the Hague of ex-Minister Baron Melvil Vanlynden.

FLYING FROM LONDON TO MANCHESTER.

Attempts by Paulhan and White.

THE FRENCHMAN SUCCEEDS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 27.

M. Paulhan and Mr. Grahame White started on a flight from London to Manchester this evening.

M. Paulhan rose at Hendon at 5-22. He entered the London radius and thence passed Harrow and Watford at a speed of 35 miles an hour and at a height of 200 feet. He arrived at Rugby at 7-30 and descended at Lichfield at 8-10.

Mr. White ascended at Wormwood Scrubbs at 6-32, passed Wolverton at 7-45 and descended at Northampton at 7-55 in darkness.

LONDON, APRIL 28.

M. Paulhan arrived at Manchester at 5-30 this morning. He started from Lichfield at 4 and passed over Stafford at 4-40.

Mr. White re-started from Northampton at 2-50 this morning, and passed Rugby at 3-30. He descended at Posesworth. The interest in the attempt has been most intense. Both aviators are using Farman biplanes, but Paulhan's is of a later type and speedier. His machine arrived at Hendon yesterday morning.

M. Paulhan was eleven hours fitting it together, and started without a preliminary trial.

Mr. White made several trials at Wormwood Scrubbs during the day, but was incommoded by the enormous crowds and a gusty wind. He intended to start at daybreak, but was awakened at 6-20 by a telephone message, announcing that M. Paulhan had started. He at once rushed to his aeroplane. M. Paulhan was followed throughout by a special train.

LATER.

Mr. White has been unable to proceed, owing to his engine being out of order.

LATER.

M. Paulhan received an ovation on landing in Manchester from enormous crowds which were waiting. He swept towards Manchester in a rising wind under a threatening sky at a speed of fifty miles an hour. He made a beautiful descent in the field, the crowd keeping a clear space. Mr. Paulhan was exhausted and numbed and said he was very cold but happy.

UNREST IN EGYPT.

Question in the Commons.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

Mr. Fell asked a question in the House of Commons this evening respecting the disquieting reports from Egypt.

Mr. McKinnon Wood replied: "The recent reports on the situation in Egypt with special reference to the assassination of Boutros Pasha, are not as satisfactory as could be desired, but I have not heard of any insults to British subjects. There are no papers which can be laid on the table."

LONDON, APRIL 28.

A Cairo telegram states that Government has suppressed a comic Arab weekly for insulting the ex-Premier, Boutros Pasha.

Sir Eldon Gorst, in his report on Egypt, says the best tribute to Boutros Pasha is to continue the work of pacification, but unless the Nationalists mend their ways a more severe application of the Press Law will be necessary.

THE FAILURE OF KNIGHT AND YANCEY.

Hopeful Feeling in Liverpool.

LONDON, APRIL 28.

A hopeful feeling prevails in Liverpool owing to the action of the Cotton Association and the Associated Banks with a view to clearing the complications arising from the failure of Messrs. Knight and Yancey. Twenty-five or thirty Liverpool firms are involved and the losses range from ten thousand to hundred thousand pounds.

THE GOVAN BYE-ELECTION.

Mr. William Hunter Re-elected.

LONDON, APRIL 28.

Mr. William Hunter has been re-elected unopposed for Govan on his appointment as Solicitor General for Scotland.

KING EDWARD IN LONDON.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

King Edward has arrived in London.

ENGLISH BETTING.

LONDON, APRIL 27.

Place betting on the Two Thousand Guineas was:—

11 to 8 on Neil Gow.
5 to 4 on Lemberg.
9 to 2 against Whisk Broom.

THE ALBANIAN REVOLT.

The Masters of Kachanik Pass.

RAILWAY TRAIN HELD UP AND TROOPS DISARMED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 28.

Reuter telegraphs from Constantinople that there is no longer any doubt that the Turks are confronted by a formidable insurrection in the whole of North Albania. The Albanians, holding up a train at the Kachanik Pass, displayed a red flag. They examined each car and seized the troops' belongings. The passengers were in a state of panic and Turkish women fainted. The Albanians calmed the passengers, offered them cigarettes and allowed the train to proceed after disarming the troops. According to latest reports the Albanians appear to hold both ends of the pass.

PRIVY COUNCIL ZEMINDARI APPEAL.

Mr. Ameer Ali's First Judgment.

LONDON, APRIL 28.

The Privy Council has heard appeals from the decrees made in 1904 and 1905 by the High Court of Madras in the case of the Zemindar Parthasarathi Apparow versus his tenants at Chevendra. Mr. Ameer Ali, in delivering the judgment for the first time, said the decrees of the High Court should be set aside and the cases remitted to the proper Court to determine the rates plaintiffs were entitled to receive.

EXCISE PREVENTION IN THE PUNJAB.

Additional Establishment Employed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, APRIL 28.

The Excise Preventive Establishment in the Punjab is being reorganised and a sum of one lakh of rupees was required to bring the scheme into full operation. Owing to financial stringency the Provincial Government was unable to allot more than Rs. 80,000 to this object in the current year's budget. With this sum the Excise Commissioner has been able to entertain the greater part of proposed additional establishment and it is understood that men are now being selected. After a short preliminary training it is hoped they will be drafted to various districts to start work at the beginning of May.

THE DEATH OF LIEUT. GREEN.

Impressive Funeral.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, APRIL 28.

The interment of the remains of late Lieutenant Green was held last evening at the Chadderghat Cemetery. The cortege left the residence of the father in Saifabad at 6 o'clock headed by the First Infantry Firing party under Lieut. Ogilvie and two bands followed. The coffin was on placed gun carriage with the Union Jack and many wreaths, followed by his brother officers mounted. A carriage with his father, two sisters and brothers was in the rear, a host of other carriages following. When passing St. George's Church the bands played the "Dead March," the minute bells tolling. At dusk when the cemetery was reached Rev. K. D. Schermerhorn conducted a most pathetic and impressive service by the aid of lanterns. The remains were borne to the grave by his brother officers. The firing party discharged three volleys interspersed by the funeral dirge by Infantry Drums and Fifes. The ceremony concluded with the sounding of the "Last Post." The interment was attended by a such large retinue of mourners not seen for many years. A gloom has been cast over the whole station by the sad event.

WEEKLY PLAGUE REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 28.

During the week ending April 23rd there was a gratifying decline in the plague mortality and the total for all India fell from 20,365 to 19,772. The provincial figures were Bombay 469 deaths, Madras 10, Bengal 694, the United Provinces 3,415, the Punjab 13,630, Burma 216, the Central Provinces 119, Mysore 17, Hyderabad States 85, Rajaputana 1,098, Kashmir 13, and Las Bela State 6.

RAJENDRAPUR TRAIN DACOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, APRIL 28.

In to-day's hearing of the Rajendrapur train dacoity case the Stationmaster of Jaidebpur and seven police officers were examined. To-day's evidence threw no new light upon the case. Evidence was of a formal character. The case will be taken up to-morrow.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ARMS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 28.

Before the Deputy Magistrate of Alipore, Babu Annoda Prosad Roy Chowdhry, Zemindar of Gocharan, was charged with having possessed a double barrelled pistol without a license. The pistol was found in his possession when he was arrested in the Canning Town riot, for participting in which he was sentenced to a year's rigorous imprisonment. He could not shew his license for the weapon when required to do so by the police. The Magistrate finding the accused guilty sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE VICEROY'S PLANS.

An Early Move to Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 28.

The Viceroy and Lady Minto accompanied by Colonel Victor Brooke arrived here at noon for their last season amongst us. The party motored from Kalka, and Lady Eileen Elliot, Colonel Pinhey, Lord Francis Scott and Capt. Jelf travelled up in a special, which reached Simla at 2-50.

It is expected that the Viceroy and party will move down to Calcutta earlier than usual next autumn, when His Excellency will make over charge to his successor. It is understood that the precedent created by Lord Curzon of the Viceroy leaving India before meeting his successor, and the incoming Viceroy entering upon his office in Bombay, will not be repeated. There are the usual rumours of an extension to Lord Minto, to which no importance is attached.

VICEROY'S SHOOTING TRIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DEHRA DUN, APRIL 28.

Their Excellencies and party returned to Dehra Dun late yesterday afternoon, after a very pleasant ten days in the Mohani Jungles. The result of the shoot has been several cheetahs, a nilgai and a fine tiger measuring 9 feet 8 inches. The Viceroy and party leave for Simla at 11 p.m. this evening.

SOLDIER CHARGED WITH ATTEMPTED MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, APRIL 28.

The case, in which Sergeant Macnamara of the 2nd West Kent Regiment stationed at Fort William, stood charged with having attempted to take the life of Assistant Surgeon Pareira, of the Military Station Hospital at Bhowanipore, by firing his service rifle, has been transferred to the file of the District Magistrate of Alipore, as the accused claimed the right of a European British born subject to be tried by a European Magistrate.

Applications for bail were made before the Magistrate and the Judge, but both were refused.

TRAIN FALLS INTO A RIVER.

Inspector Exonerated.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 28.

The Magistrate of Rampurhat has disposed of the case, in which Mr. E. O. Lee, Permanent Way Inspector on the East Indian Railway, was charged with endangering the safety of human lives. The accused was in charge of a bridge under repairs, and it was alleged that he failed to post the proper signals, thereby causing a train to fall into the river.

The Magistrate discharged the accused, holding the charge to be groundless as he set out the proper signals, which were not regarded by the driver.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT RAMPUR.

Sappers' Valuable Help.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 28.

A party of Faridkote and Malerkotla Sappers and Miners were on their way to do repairs to the Hindustan-Tibet Road. While they were halted at Rampur Bashahar a fire broke out and would probably have reduced the town to ashes, had it not been for the prompt assistance rendered by Major Boileau and the Sappers under his command. Some 44 buildings were either gutted or partially destroyed. No lives were lost.

CLAIM AGAINST A MAGISTRATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 28.

Babu Lakshminarain Khettry, Solicitor of the High Court, had filed a suit, claiming Rs. 5,000 from Mr. Charles Frederick Payne, formerly Deputy Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, and the new District Magistrate of Howrah. The allegation was that Mr. Payne unlawfully trespassed in the house of the plaintiff, and stopped certain repair works. The case came on to-day before Mr. Justice Pugh, when his Lordship was informed that an amicable settlement had been arrived at between the parties.

The case was accordingly struck off.

PONDICHERRY ELECTIONS.

Riot and Bloodshed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, APRIL 28.

The elections in Pondicherry are usually exciting and accompanied by bloodshed, and this has been case this year. Some days ago at Kedrapalium, large mobs encountered each other and had it out in their own fashion with sticks and stones. Not only the gendarmes but the Governor and Staff and the Police Commandant had to interfere. Fire was opened on the mob and several men were wounded of whom one has since died. Riots took place at Karikal, and the ballot boxes were carried off from two of the booths by Lemairites.

By night on the 25th with the exception of three outlying communes the result of polling had been notified as follows:—M. Bluysen 20,063 votes; M. Lemaire 16,632. The result of the election will not be known till next week.

SIR JOHN HEWETT'S TRIP HOME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 28.

Major Ramsay Gordon, Private Secretary, goes on leave to England by the same steamer as Sir John Hewett, and will accompany him back in autumn. Mr. Keane, I.C.S., acts as Private Secretary to Mr. Porter during his officiating Lieutenant-Governorship.

The Lieutenant-Governor, after making over charge of the provinces to Mr. Porter at Lucknow to-day, leaves for Bombay to embark on Saturday's mail steamer. He may be expected back on the 18th of October, and will probably come at once to Allahabad to see into the preparations for the Exhibition.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY TRADES' ASSOCIATION.

THE annual meeting of the Bombay Presidency Trades' Association was held last evening in the Commercial Gymkhana, Mr. G. D. Traylen, immediate Post Master presiding.

The report and the audited accounts were passed.

Mr. C. B. Robinson was elected Master for the current year.

The following Committee were then appointed:—Messrs. L. Mongini, D. Fraser, Stephens, H. G Clark, E. A. Parker, and H McAlpin.

The Chairman, then addressing the meeting, said:—

The Chairman, in his presidential address, said: The next item on the agenda is to receive the Master's address. You have already been informed the reason of the unavoidable absence of the Hon. Hill Trevor. None regret this more than I do, especially this evening. While acting as a substitute on such very short notice, the Master, I feel sure would have had many interesting items to place before you, I have very little to say. The draft of your Committee's report has been circulated and I will not weary you with a retrospect of the several items it contains. As business-men, the fact that the affairs of our association are on a sound financial basis and that your Committee have been able to deal satisfactorily with several matters which vitally concern us, should be a matter of satisfaction to all.

We are more or less concerned with post office operations. During the year, the V. P. P. system and money orders, have given your Committee a subject for many discussions. We are of one opinion, I believe, viz., that the postal system in India is a credit to the country. For some reason, whether the cost of the new palatial post office or some other costly project, I do not know there seems to have been a tendency to make the public do a deal of work, we think, should be carried out by the postal staff. We also look forward to the time when their arrears of work will be brought up-to-date, and replies to our queries will follow close on top of the little post card which informs us "that our letter had been received, and that the matter is having attention."

I believe that Government has in hand the amendment of the Indian Companies' Act. Many of us hope that in the near future, this Act will contain a clause, making it compulsory for any person or persons trading as companies without registration, or, trading under a name or names other than their own correct patronymics, to legibly print their proper names on all stationery, literature or advertisements used in their business transactions. Possibly the necessity for such restrictions exists in India to a greater extent than elsewhere.

Another matter which concerns us very materially, is the unfairness of some of the Indian newspapers in giving undue preference to foreign advertisers. We, of course, cannot reasonably object to their acceptance of such advertisements, but we have real cause of complaint, when the newspapers act as agents for those advertisers, by facilitating the distribution of patterns, catalogues, etc. I may here state that some of the leading papers fully appreciate our position and decline to act in a manner antagonistic to our mutual interest. The resident tradesmen of India largely support the India Press, to whom they pay immense sums for their advertisements, We also pay taxes and duty, which in the aggregate forms no inconsiderable item of Government revenue. I cannot too strongly deprecate this undue preference to the foreign advertiser, who pays India no rent or taxes. Resident tradesmen pay duty on all imported advertising matter contained in their shipments. Tons of such matter comes in duty free, bound up in the Home Magazines and papers, many of which consist of 66 per cent. advertisements and 33 per cent. reading matter. This again is a distinct loss of revenue to Government and more or less an injury to those who claim Government protection.

I will not detain you much longer. There is however, one other subject, which may interest you, and, that is, the restrictions regarding currency notes over Rs. 50 in value. The universal Rs. 5 and Rs. 50 notes will, I believe, prove of immense convenience to everyone in higher value in not being legal tender out of their own particular circle, will ultimately cause a certain amount of inconvenience and vexation all over India. However, should Government find this to be so there is no doubt the matter will be suitably dealt with. The case is somewhat analogous to the enhanced railway rates. For we did not long enjoy the privilege of cheap "week-end" return tickets, when we are obliged to pay very heavy for this past concession. I do not present to figures, but, it appears to me that one pie for mile on all classes, would possibly give the railways a bigger income, than the aggregate of the surcharge on the other two unfortunate classes.

In conclusion, gentlemen, we hear that we are to have what we have been hoping for, and wanting for a very long time; that is, an influx of Good Trade. May it come: Trade has made England what she is. Possibly a good taste of it, would aid considerably in mending matters in India. We have had a fairly long experience of bad trade, and this coupled with the plague and other matters inspires in us, the hope for better times. May we experience a realization of these hopes. (Applause).

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Lieutenant J. G. B. Shand, I.M.S., has been appointed to be Residency Surgeon, Baroda, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 12th April.

Mr. A. Montgomerie, I.C.S, on return from leave to act as Political Agent for the Mewasi Estates during the absence on leave of Mr. K. R. Bomanji or pending further orders.

Mr. E. F. Green, District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-nine days combined with furlough for one year and one day with effect from the 23rd April 1910 or subsequent date.

Mr. D. Healy to act as District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, vice Mr E. F. Green, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Lieutenant A. L. Skinner, 122nd Rajputana Infantry to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate, Bhuj, in addition to his military duties, vice Lieutenant G. de S. H. Middlemass.

The following Magistrates of the First Class in the Province of Sind to be Justices of the Peace Mr. C. B. Critchley, I. C. S., and Mr. A. E. W. Steward, I. C. S.

Mr. A. Montgomerie, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Collector of West Khandesh and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the West Khandesh District during the absence on leave of Mr. Kharsedji Ratanji Bahmanji or pending further orders.

Mr. A. C. Wild, I.C.S., has been allowed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

Mr. N. H. Hey, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Larkana, has privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days with effect from 11th May is cancelled.

The Reverend Charles Richard Ryall, B. A., has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India to be a Chaplain on probation on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment.

The Reverend Charles Richard Ryall, B. A., is appointed to be Chaplain of Khandala.

Dr. H. N. Allen, B. Sc. (London), Ph. D. (Nebraska), Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering, College of Science, Poona, is granted furlough for four months and nineteen days in continuation of the summer vacation of 1910.

Mr. A. K. Leslie to be a Member of the Board of Trustees under the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, vice Mr. T. W. Cuffe, resigned.

Major C. E. R. Harvey, Commandant, Purandhar who is a Magistrate, Third Class, within the limits of the Purandhar Cantonment, is hereby invested with additional powers specified in the 4th Schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898.

Leave for one month and twenty days, viz., from 10th April 1910 to 29th May (both days inclusive), is granted to Lieutenant F. H. E. Townshend, R. E. Assistant Engineer.

Privilege leave for three months is granted to Mr. H. J. M. Cousens, Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 26th August, or subsequent date.

BOMBAY MILL INDUSTRY.

Mill-owners' Meeting.

THE annual meeting of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, Chairman of the Association, presided. There were also present:—The Hon'ble Mr. Fasulbhoy Currimbhoy and Mr. Jamsedjee Ardaseer Wadia (Currimbhoy Mills Co., Ltd., Ebrahimbhoy Pabany Mills Co., Ltd., Fasulbhoy Mills Ltd., Crescent Mills Co., Ltd., Currimbhoy Jinning and Pressing Co., Ltd., Indian Bleaching, Dyeing and Printing Works, Ltd. and Indore Malwa United Mills, Ltd); the Hon'ble Mr. Herbert R. Greaves (Apollo Mills, Empress Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Howard and Bullough Mills Co., Ltd., Imperial Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., James Greave Mills Co., Ltd; Leopold Spinning Bleaching and Manufacturing Co., Ltd; New Empress Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Connaught Mills Co., Ltd.); the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter (Kohinoor Mills Co., Ltd); Sir Dinshaw M. Petit (Framjee Petit Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd); the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, Kt. (Hindoostan Spinning and Weaving Mills Co., Ltd., Indian Manufacturing Co., Ltd. and Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd); Mr. W. Boughten Chambers, Inspector of Factories; Mr. D. E Wacha (Morarjee Gocouldas Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd), and Sholapore Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.); Mr. S. A. Nathan (K. D Sassoon Mills); Edward Sassoon Mills, Ltd.); Mr. N. B. Saklatwalla (Swadeshi Mills Co., Ltd.); Mr. W. H. Brady (Colaba Land and Mills Co., Ltd., New City of Bombay Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and New Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.); Mr. H. R. Omrigar (Jubilee Manufacturing Co., Ltd.); Mr. J. H. Petit (Godavery Valley Ginning and Pressing Co., Ltd., and Parbani Ginning and Pressing Co., Ltd., and Emperor Edward Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd); Mr. R Harwood (Gokak Water Power and Manufacturing Co., Ltd; Saraswati Mills Co. Ltd; and Southern Mahratta Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.); Mr. D. M. Inglis (Finlay Mills Ltd; and Swan Mills Ltd); George Ashby (Textile Manufacturing Co., Ltd); Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta (Mofussil Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd); Mr. J. B. Leslie-Rogers, Secretary, and Mr. R. B. Gregor-Pearse, Assistant Secretary of the Association.

CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, in moving the adoption of the report, said:—

In proposing the adoption of the report of the Association for 1909 I shall as is usual make a few observations on the mill industry in India. This industry presented and is still presenting phenomena which are also unique in their nature and which would appear nothing short of a puzzle to the lay minds. We have all conditions present which are commonly believed to make for a good and a prosperous commercial year. Financial and commercial prophets of no mean reputation were in fact telling us last year that the then prevailing depression would disappear with a good monsoon and with the advent of the Hindu marriage season. Both of these have come to pass and yet the prophecy remained unfulfilled. The monsoon last year was a record one and the overturn of crops was also a bumper one. The Hindoo marriage season is all that can be desired, and yet with these two favourable conditions the commercial and the industrial atmosphere remains clouded. We may console ourselves with the proverbial silver lining on these clouds, but our present concern is to look to these clouds and to remove them. Not only were these favourable conditions present, but our trade with China was also good if not better than in the previous year. The total shipments of yarn from Bombay to China amounted to 1,10,746 bales in 1909 against 44,599 bales during the year 1908, thus showing an increase of 15·57 per cent., against this there was a slight fall of 3·31 per cent. in our exports of piece-goods to that country. What are the reasons then for the slump in this industry? As far as I can see there are two prominent reasons. The main reasons is the over production. For some time past the productive capacity of the mills is being increased and in consequence goods turned out have glutted the market. The increase in the number of looms and spindles will be seen from the fact that while in 1907, there were in the whole of India 5,333,275 spindles and 58,456 looms, there were 6,053,231 spindles and 76,896 looms in 1909. As a natural result the production was also increased, and we find that though the yarn production was not increased much, the cloth production was increased more than 18·90 per cent. during the course of the last two years. The reason for the yarn production remaining the same is to be found in the fact the millowners have taken to spinning finer counts. A still greater increase will be found if we observe the statistics for the first eleven months of the current official year, these being the latest figures available. The following table gives the statistics of cloth production during the eleven months April to February for three years 1907-08, 1908-09, and 1909-10 in the whole of India:—

	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10
Pounds ...	17,48,95,514	17,61,61,241	21,14 92,629
Yards ...	743,724,569	754,735,523	888,638,332

There is no increase in exports to correspond with the large increase in production. We have seen that exports of piece-goods to China instead of increasing have decreased by 3.31 per cent. Similarly we find that there had been hardly any appreciable difference in the figures for exports of total piece-goods from the whole of India. Taking figures for the first eleven months of the last three official years we find the exports to be as follows in yards:—1907-08, 67,940,760; 1908-09, 69,983,926; 1909-10, 85,227,583.

After deducting the increase in exports from the amount of increased production it is apparent that a large quantity of piece-goods is dumped upon the country itself, where if are to believe the trend of the market there is no demand in proportion to the supply. We have unfortunately in breathless hurry of production neglected the economical law of demand and supply and have now to suffer from the bad results of the neglect in our present depression.

HIGH PRICE OF COTTON.

A subsidiary reason for the present depression is the abnormally heavy prices of cotton. The crop of the last year in common with the other crops was far more than the average. According to the final general memorandum of the cotton crop of the season for the year 1909-10 issued by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence the total area for cotton was 20,227,000 acres, being an increase of 1 per cent. over the previous year. The total estimated outturn was 4,502,000 bales as against 3,691,000 bales last year being an increase of 811,000 bales or 22 per cent. Several millowners and cotton merchants naturally expected a drop in the prices due to such a large crop. But the expectations were not realised due to the fact that India has to pay the prize for entering the International market of the world. This market due to all the modern appliances of commerce and industry, has become such a sensitive one that the slightest vibration in one part of the world is followed by effects throughout the world. The American Financial crisis showed us the truth of this, similarly the failure of the cotton crops in America had a rapid and powerful effect on all the markets of the world including the Indian market. The bumper cotton crop of India was utilised to supply the want fels in Europe and Japan due to the American failure. In fact the season was marked by continuous heavy exports to Europe and Japan. Our average export to the latter country was not more than 400,000 bales per year. Last year there was an export of 4,39,526 bales to Japan and of 4,36,715 bales to Europe upto the 14th April, while this year we have exported 647,264 balas to Japan and 749,162 bales to Europe already, and it is expected that a large quantity will be still exported before the end of the season. Prices kicked up high due to the heavy exports and the progress upwards of the prices was never even once relieved by a drop. It is an interesting and grave problem for us to solve as to how and why foreign countries in Europe and in the Far East manage to import such large quantities at the prevailing high prices and to dispose of the manufactured articles, while we are passing through a depression even with our getting raw materials on the spot and cheap labour of the country. For my part I think this state of things corroborates my theory that it is the overproduction which is the main reason of the present depression. Of course, the depression is not going to be a permanent one. But the conditions that we have given rise to it are permanent. It now falls on us to rise to the occasion and to counteract the effects of these conditions, by concerted action. Prices of cotton will hardly in my opinion regain their former low-level and I for my part am not sorry at that, for high prices will benefit our poor ryots. We cannot check the high prices, but we can check over-production if we have the self-sacrifice and unity enough to stand together and combine for short time working. Short time working is not to be recommended if the depression is an ephemeral one, but unless it is adopted now depression will probably continue for a long period. Mill-owners of Lancashire and Manchester have understood the law of demand and supply well, and take care by concerted action to regulate the supply of yarn and piece-goods to the wants and requirements of the market.

GOODS FOR THE HOME MARKET.

The chief remedy I deem advisable for the removal of the depression and for the progress of the industry in which we are all so interested is the development of the home-market. Here is a wide field with huge potentialities for all our activities and endeavours. The Swadeshi movement has drawn the attention of the people to the necessity of supporting indigenous industries and has thus in a way prepared the way for us. It rests with us to give practical effect to the movement by production of goods essentially required for the market, making people acquainted with all the varieties of goods turned out by Indian mills. I believe, we can achieve much if a systematic campaign is carried on to develop the home market. Why should we not have the ideal to check the huge imports of piecegoods coming from foreign countries and replace them by goods produced indigenously? Imports of piece-goods for the last three years 1907-08, 1908-09, 1909-10 were as follows:—

	Rs.
1906-07	40,91,74,886
1907-08	48,64,25,459
1908-09	38,01,40,310

Even supposing that of these huge imports there is a large proportion which cannot be manufactured locally at least for the present, so one can say that they cannot be cut down and that an equally large proportion cannot be manufactured in India. I am optimistic enough to believe that if the home market is properly developed, we shall have no occasion to complain about the depression. Till that is achieved the remedy lies in short time working and regulating the demand to supply. I lay so much stress upon the development of the home market, because I feel that we cannot place any reliance upon the Chinese market. Our mill-owners were upto this time too much obsessed by the glamour of the yarn trade with China to have much consideration for the home market. The progress of the Chinese during the last three years has shown that that the Chinese market will be henceforward a fickle one for India. This fickleness of the market is aided by the fluctuating Chinese Exchange. China is pushing on with her characteristic energy and sure footed perseverance. With the work of mill building it may be expected therefore that in the course of a decade our exports of piece-goods and yarn to that country will be reduced to a minimum, as if our mill industry has not troubles enough already. The Government of India has thought it fit under the influence of a scare of a deficit to clap an increase of silver duty on its shoulders, in spite of vehement and unanimous protest of the commercial community of India both Indian and Anglo-Indian. The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson called the opium revenue a windfall though, looking to the almost positive certainty of the revenue from this source for some time to come, it ought not to be considered so. The initial mistake consisted in mistaking the nature of the Opium Revenue and under-estimating the proceeds of the revenue. The Government of India had the advantage of the advice of a great non-official expert, the Hon'ble Sir David Sassoon, and yet the advice was not followed. We look with pride and pleasure at the vigorous efforts made by representatives of the Indian commercial community to get withdrawn the proposal to increase the duty on silver. It was an up-hill fight, and though it was lost it was a moral success in this that it showed the vigour and the persistence with which the commercial community can safeguard the rights and interests not of only commerce but of the country at large. Results of the first auction sale in Calcutta of opium have borne out and more than borne out the estimate of the Hon'ble Sir David Sassoon. In one month the Government has got more than 75 lakhs of rupees from the sale of opium. At this rate at the end of this year the Government will be getting 8 to 9 crores rupees from its Opium Revenue. It was with the greatest regret that we saw the unanimous non-official opinion scouted by the Imperial Council and an increase in silver duty effected which would mean the crippling of the suffering of the mill-industry. Our regret is the greater when we find that not only was the increase unjustifiable from the point of view of the greatest industry of India, but it was thoroughly unnecessary. The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale pointed out in the Imperial Council that when the Government of India tried to satisfy the British conscience by agreeing to reduce exports of opium gradually to China, His Honour Sir Edward Baker, the then Finance Minister, expressly stipulated that the loss arising through loss of opium revenue would be redeemed by the evergrowing revenue of the Government. It now appears that instead of being prepared as they ought to be, for the ultimate loss of the opium revenue, the Government have to resort to additional taxation as soon as a slight deficit in the opium revenue is feared. All this looks like bad finance. I shall not dilate on the disagreeable question any further as it is thoroughly threshed out and as it would be merely beating a dead horse in view of the decision of the Government not to change their opinion. We may hope that in accordance with the financial law the big surpluses are as bad as big deficits, the Government will withdraw the increase if they find that there is a great surplus at the end of the year through under-estimating the opium revenue.

THE EXCISE DUTY.

Talking of the mill-industry and of the increased silver duty reminds us of our old old grievance the excise duty, one of the greatest drags on the indigenous industry. Public opinion in this country has condemned this inquitous duty levied to satisfy the so-called free traders of Lancashire and Manchester. Nothing has yet been done in the matter with all our repeated protests. I shall be excused for my pessimism if I say that looking to the unjust and narrow-minded agitation set up in England on the question of the tax on tobacco I do not hope for an early removal of the Excise duty. I shall now turn to our sinews of war—I mean cotton cultivation. Much progress has been achieved in the direction of cotton cultivation by mill-owners of the West. I refer of course to the systematic campaign of the British Cotton Growing Association to provide good quality cotton for the consumption of mills. We are suffering from a great want of cotton and even the high prices we pay sometimes for it are not sufficient to procure us cotton necessary for our requirements. I am sorry that the suggestion made by me about a Cotton Growing Company at the annual meeting of this Association is not realised in practical effect—the suggestion that a company should be started with the express object of growing cotton on a large scale, cotton not of Egyptian variety, but such as can spin 30s. warps and 40s. wefts. In my opinion the real requirement of this country is not Egytian cotton, but cotton which as aforementioned can spin 30s. warps and 40s. wefts. This is illustrated from the following figures which give the number of pounds spun of this variety and of counts higher than that. The number of pounds of Nos. 31 and 40 spun during the first ten months of the current official year in the whole of India was 1,20,51,183 while that of the number of counts above 40s. during the same period was 3,099,818. It would thus appear that only a few thousand bales of Egyptian cotton are required for the India market, whereas thousand bales are required every year of cotton suitable for Nos. 31 to 40. At present our supply of cotton for the purpose chiefly comes from Dharwar, Hubli, Barsi, and Surat.

GOVERNMENT HELP.

The Government will, we hope, direct the energies of the Agricultural Department to help forward agriculture of the Hubli, Barsi and Surat varieties of cotton. It is a mere truism to say that the success of the mill industry depends to a large degree upon the mill-hands. It is a greatly regrettable fact that the material and moral condition of our mill labourers leaves much to be desired. Their social and physical environments and their utter lack of education tends to make them mere machines of a blind industrialism having no originality, no initiative of their own and with no great consideration for the future. This lack of initiative and of real zest in the work reacts naturally upon the quality and the quantity of the work produced. It is through this reason that even with a short working day British and German manufacturers can manage to beat many times Indian competers in competition. Good railway residential quarters, arrangements for [illegible] supply of conveniences to make their life comfortable one, are in short required for mill [illegible]y to [illegible]. In this connection I am [illegible] the Improvement Trust, [illegible] for [illegible]ing to the sanitary [illegible] of the poor has done insignificantly [illegible] on with providing building [illegible] Ch

ciples in the vicinity of mills. The Trust cannot shake off this obvious duty on to other shoulders. It is contended that mill-owners and other employers alone are responsible for the condition of the hands. It looks at the matter in a different light. The whole community shares in the benefits conferred upon the country by various industries, and as such, ought to be prepared to contribute its quota towards the healthy locations of the working classes, at least till the time when they are able to provide for themselves through a rise of wages. The Improvement Trust, therefore, is bound to make some provision or other, though I think that if the Trust shirks its responsibility wholly, the mill-owners and other employing bodies should take up the matter. With the construction of healthy residential quarters for the working classes is also connected the educational question. The want of a compulsory free education on the part of the State must be made by individual mill-owners starting such schools, either day or night, for the benefit of the workmen and their children. Many of the evils connected with the social life of the mill hands are as it were self-imposed and these can be removed by a wise system of education. The duty of educating the workmen rests upon the mill-owners and the Corporation. It will be to the interest of the community and the mill-owners if the workmen are properly and comfortably housed and educated. Examples from German and American industrial life are an object lesson to show how a well-treated labour population is one of the greatest assets of the industrial world and of the nation at large. Before I conclude I would congratulate this Association upon the right of sending up a member to the Provincial Legislative Council—a right which would serve to bring before the Government all our complaints and grievances and get redress for them. We have got a good champion in our representative, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ibrahim, who can be well trusted to look to the interests of the mill industry in the Bombay Council. Before concluding these remarks I have great pleasure in saying that the work of the Association was creditably done throughout the year by our energetic Secretary Mr. Leslie Rogers and his assistant, Mr. Gregor-Pearse.

The programme of work at the meeting includes an important item and it is the consideration of rules and regulations for the conduct of the business of the Association. I need not tell you, I think the absence of good rules is many times a weakening factor and this has unfortunately happened in the case of our Association. It ought to be our aim and object to make it a living, healthy, and active body and for this object a revision of the rules is essentially necessary. Rules which are placed before us to-day were formed after mature deliberation by the Special Committee appointed for the purpose and meet in my opinion all our requirements. I hope therefore you will pass them.

The Hon'ble Mr. H. Greaves seconded the motion.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, supporting the motion, strongly protested against the silver duty. The duty was imposed to the great despair of those who fought against it at Calcutta and to the despair of the weighty opinion expressed that it would prove harmful to the interests of the various industries of India. Another point to which he wished to refer to was the impending legislation regarding adult labour. After citing the opinions of the Factory Commission, the speaker asked, were the hours of work excessive? They had no doubt worked excessive hours at times of booms, but that only was once in ten years. There might be restriction of hours of work, but it should be left to those who knew how to manage these affairs to propose in what way the restriction should come. One of these ways was proposed by the Factory Commission. The other was proposed by Mr. N. M. Wadia, which was to the effect that there should be two hours' compulsory rest after twelve hours work. The speaker further said it was greatly to be regretted that the Government should have come forward with a proposal to restrict adult labour after the deliberate opinion to the contrary of the Factory Commission. The speaker next referred to the Excise Duty, which he said was quite an unjust duty.

Mr. J. A. Wadia disagreed with the views of the previous speaker and said the silver duty might not be a help to industries, but it was exaggeration to say that it was harmful. He admitted a great deal of harm had been done to trade, but that harm was done when the rupees was fixed at 1s 4d. He was a Protectionist. He asked how it was that foreign countries were buying cotton at high prices and selling cheap? The answer was plain. It was because these countries were protectionist. Unless India had protection she would not make any substantial progress. Sir Vithaldas had said the Government were going to compel them to restrict the hours of labour. Sir Vithaldas had also said that if they had overworked the men at all, it was only once in ten years. This was not correct. They were overworking adults by producing as much material as possible to lower the cost of production and he was afraid they were going to do the same thing until the Government came in with prohibitory legislation. There had been much talk about swadeshi and honest swadeshi, but unless they put themselves on the basis of Germany and other protectionist countries, there was not much chance for them in the competition with foreign countries.

OPPOSITION TO SHORT TIME.

The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy said:—I have great pleasure in supporting the proposition for the adoption of the report. As I remarked in my address last year the future of our industry is assured though we cannot but deplore that our immediate prospects are far from satisfactory. The shortage of the American cotton crop and the speculative action of Bull operators in America having upset all our optimistic calculations. But these are not permanent factors by any means and the disappearance of the present causes of depression which are beyond our control will naturally lead to a re-adjustment of the situation. If the next cotton crop here and in America proves to be satisfactory, there will be a speedy revival of our trade. Gentlemen, as I anticipated last year, we have been able to ship nearly fifty thousand more bales to China during the last year, and though for some time the prices of yarn in that country did not respond like anything approaching to the advance on the raw material, there has recently been a fair rise. But as I pointed out last year, we cannot permanently depend upon China. Every year more mills are being put up in China; and the Japanese are very active in buying land and constructing mills at Shanghai. The difficulties in our business relations with China are already very great owing to the awakening of the Chinaman, the competition of the Japanese and the mercurial tendency of the exchange and I think that the enhanced duty on silver, against which our friends Sir Sassoon David and Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey strenuously fought in the Viceregal Council comes at an inopportune moment. I am not one of those who believe that it will cripple or ruin our industry, but I do believe that it will certainly add to our difficulties in the present critical juncture. As to the cloth market, it has after a practically stagnant state shown signs of revival very lately, the stock of Lancashire and country made cloth, has appreciably decreased, and the prices which did not rise in the beginning have of late shown an upward tendency. The fact that the best managed mills in Bombay have made no loss but on the other hand shown profits even in the worst time at once dispels too pessimistic a view of the situation. Our protest against the excise duty has been as emphatic and unanimous as it has been old and though our appeal has hitherto been in vain we should not despair of ultimate success for it has at present not a single honest supporter and the opinion is gaining ground even in England that it does not do credit to high British statesmanship. At present the Home Government is fully occupied with its own troubles, but I am sure that if we protest against it when a favourable opportunity occurs, British statesmanship will rise to its sense of justice and redress the grievous wrong inflicted on us in the interests of Lancashire. If we had the control of our fiscal policy this duty would never have been levied.

INDIAN COTTON GROWING.

Gentlemen, I laid stress last year on the necessity for the improvement of the raw material which is essential for the successful working of our mills. It is gratifying to see that earnest efforts are being made to grow long-staple cotton in India, and it was much in request this year in foreign countries. The Government Agricultural Department deserves our warm gratitude for their experiments in this direction. I heartily welcome the scheme inaugurated by our worthy colleague Sir Vithaldas Thackersey to establish a large agricultural bank, which, I am sure, will prove to be of great help to the agricultural classes, who should be taught to see the benefits of the co-operative principle. Scientific education should be disseminated among them so as to enable them to reap the fruit of their labour and to produce better quality and larger quantity of the raw material.

As to the labour problems, it continues to remain as troublesome as it was ever before, and we are suffering not only from a paucity of skilled but also that of unskilled labour. Unless our hands receive the blessings of education suited to their calling and requirements we can make no headway in our industrial enterprise. First of all their home surrounding and home influence should be made more healthy so as to prevent their flight to their native country on account of sickness. There should be no delay in the construction of sanitary chawls for the housing of the mill-hands. In their social and physical regeneration much depends upon their home surroundings, which should not only be clean but healthy. I am glad to say that H. E. the Governor has promised that among the measures to be introduced in the Legislative Council will be included a bill for the housing of the poor and the labouring classes. No date has been fixed for the introduction of this necessary measure, which has long been overdue. While speaking on this subject, let me thank you, Mr. Chairman, for your kind reference to me and to all of you, gentlemen, for unanimously electing me to be your first representative on the Legislative Council. I assure you that I will try to deserve the confidence you have placed in me and when the Bill comes up for discussion in the Council, which I hope will be in the near future, I will watch the interests of all concerned to the best of my abilities with fairness and independence.

Another matter of equal importance to the welfare of our hands is the provision of parks in the north of the city and I hope that the Improvement Trust and the Municipality will see their way to supply the want. In the absence of any profitable engagement on Sunday, on which they get leave, and it being not a holiday of theirs, they visit grog-shops and spend all their savings on liquor. If they are provided with some innocent and instructive entertainment and healthy recreation on Sunday in public parks, it may save them from squandering their savings on liquor. Another great need is the establishment of gymnasiums and out-door sports to secure their physical well being. The establishment of a hospital in the north of the city is under consideration, and I hope, that it will soon be a fact accomplished. As I have emphatically said on previous occasions I am not a pessimist despite the abnormal depression in our trade because the foundations of our industry rest on a solid basis and not a slender fabric which can surrender to or be blown off by a single tempest. The home-market must be our mainstay, but we must make efforts to find new outlets for our goods in foreign markets and with this view we ought to raise funds to enable our agents to visit and study the conditions of other countries and there find markets for our manufactures.

CURTAILING PRODUCTION.

I am sorry Mr. [Chairman, to hold views quite different from yours in regard so the short-time working of our mills which the object of lessening the production. If the mills all over the world have adopted short-time it is because they are dependent to a very large extent upon American cotton, the crop of which has been a short one and therefore they have been compelled to adopt this course. But with a bumper Indian crop why we should follow in their footsteps, it is difficult to understand. It is a fact which we cannot deny that during the last two years the over production of foreign cloths has spoiled our markets and in consequence of which the prices have not gone up. Last year our cotton crop, being a short one, prices ruled high in comparison with American cotton, which did not enable us to sell our goods cheaper and so it resulted in the accumulation of our stocks also. But this year with smaller stock and with lesser import of foreign goods our goods will be more readily taken up. With a record export season of raw materials and cereals, plenty of money has been pouring into the country, and I am quite sanguine that the demand for just commenced, and our prices have of late improved somewhat. I hope during this year we will be able to replace foreign goods to an appreciable extent as the stocks of our goods are rapidly diminishing and there is no likelihood of much import in the near future. With such a favourable opportunity before us, is it to our interest to work short or full time? Many of our best mills have now gone in for dyeing and bleaching plants and some of them have of late commenced printing as well, which will I am sure enable us easily to replace some of the foreign goods. Holding the views which I have just expressed I cannot reconcile myself to the idea of working short-time at such a juncture.

The Hon'ble Mr. Procter said that as far as he remembered the Factory Commission in their report had stated that some kind of legislation would be necessary in the future to restrict the hours of working.

The report was adopted.

NEW CHAIRMAN.

It was proposed by the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy and seconded by Mr. J. A. Wadia, that the Hon'ble Mr. Herbert R. Greaves, be elected Chairman, and Sir Dinshaw M. Petit Deputy Chairman, of the Association for the year 1910, and that the Committee for the same period be composed as follows:—The Hon'ble Mr. Mulmohandas Ramjee, the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, the Hon'ble Sir Sassoon David, Kt., The Hon'ble Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Messrs. Bomonjee Dinshaw Petit, D. M. Inglis, Dinshaw E. Wacha, C. N. Wadia, S. A. Nathan, N. B. Saklatwalla, Mulraj Khatau, Jamshedjee Ardesir Wadia, Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, the Hon'ble Mr. H. G. Procter, Mr. W. H. Brady, Mr. Jehangir B. Petit, Mr. Geo. Ashby and Mr. Mahomed Hajibhoy.

The motion was carried.

On the motion of Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, seconded by Mr. S. A. Nathan, the Revised Rules submitted by the Committee were adopted.

Mr. D. C. Wacha proposed and seconded by Mr. W. G. Brady that the amendments of rules 1, 2 and 3 of the Association's rules for Primary Registration of Trade Marks in accordance with the recommendations of the Committee be sanctioned.

The motion was carried.

It was proposed by Mr. W. H. Brady, and seconded by D. M. Englis: That the recommendation of the Committee, "that Para. 1 of the resolution adopted at the Annual General Meeting held on 15th April 1904, and stated in the form of a note on page 128 of the Annual Report for 1903, be rescinded, and the following be substituted:—That all tickets that had been ordinarily registered in the Primary Register, be considered ipso facto, as duly registered in the Secondary Register. That accordingly any tickets in the old Register which are still in use by their owners, be transferred to the new Register, and that after such transfers have been completed, the old register be cancelled and considered null and void for the future." adopted.

The motion was carried.

On the motion of Mr. Jamsetji A. Wadia, seconded by Mr. Geo. Ashby, the following contributions were made from the funds of the Association:—(a) Rs. 2,500 to the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute; (b) Rs. 500 to the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital All saints' Nursing Fund; (c) Rs. 250 to the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital Nursing Fund; and (d) Rs. 500 to the Society for the Promotion of Education among the masses.

It was proposed by Mr. N. B. Saklatwalla and seconded by Mr. Mahomed Hajibhoy.—That Mr. Nusserwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee, F. C. R. A., be re-elected Auditor of the Association's Account for the year 1910 on the remuneration hitherto paid to him.

The motion was carried.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 29th April.

Members are requested to return their Arms and Accoutrements without delay as they are required for an inspection on the 2nd proximo.

B. K. GOLDSMITH, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 29th April.

380.—Arms—All Rifles and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once. Oil bottles and pull throughs must be returned with Rifles or will be charged for.

381.—Rifle Meeting.—"D" Coy Rifle Meeting will take place at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 1st proximo.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

Another "Prize Novel" Competition has been decided, and once again the winning competitor is a new comer in the ranks of fiction. In the present instance no restriction was put upon candidates; any known author might compete; and, as a matter of fact, a good many well-reputed novelists did enter for the stakes. The prize was 250 guineas; the house that offered it was that of Mr. Andrew Melrose, and the judges were three famous lady novelists, Mrs. Flora Annie Steel, Miss Mary Cholmondeley, and Mrs. Henry de la Pasture. Nearly 200 competitions had to be adjudged, and about a dozen MSS. were sent up to the final tribunal. The judges were unanimous in conferring the prize upon "A Marriage Under the Terror" by a new writer, who used the "nom de plume" of "Patricia Wentworth." The successful story is in the press, and several of the tales which ran it closest will be issued by the same house during the present year.

Messrs. George Allen and Sons announce an authoritative series of monographs, which should appeal to every good Imperialist, of "The British Empire," as the series is called, aims at giving the public at home and in the Colonies an absolutely trustworthy, authentic, and up-to-date description of British interests, resources, and life throughout the Empire. The Duke of Argyll will contribute a volume upon Canada, and Mr. D. Ross, M.P., another upon India. South Africa will be treated by the Right Hon. J. X. Merriman, Prime Minister of Cape Colony, and other volumes will follow shortly. Each book will describe the sphere of influence in its natural, commercial, and social features, besides giving an historical sketch of its growth. The name of the first contributors prove abundantly that the publishers are sparing no pains to secure the best authorities possible.

Everyone knows the name of the Elgin Marbles, but it is probable that very few could tell much of the man through whose devoted energy those priceless sculptures were acquired for the British Museum, and removed to their present position in Bloomsbury. The life of Thomas, seventh Earl of Elgin, is now, however, about to be written, and the work will be entrusted to two hands. Sir Harry Wilson, late Colonial Secretary of the Orange River Colony, will deal with Lord Elgin's public and diplomatic career, while Mr. A. H. Smith, Keeper of the Greek and Roman Antiquities in the British Museum, is to discuss the process by which the Elgin Marbles found their way into this country. Both biographers will find congenial material. Lord Elgin enjoyed a most distinguished record as Envoy Extraordinary, Minister, and Ambassador at Vienna, Brussels, Berlin, and Constantinople, having, among other experiences, the disagreeable lot of being arrested in France as a prisoner of war under Napoleon's orders. His letters are said to be voluminous, and to open up many side issues of political interest. There is also a mass of correspondence, referring to the Parthenon sculptures, of which Mr. Smith is sure to make good use.

Another biography of general interest, though perhaps of less public importance, is announced recently for publication by Messrs. Smith, Elder, and Co. This takes the form of a "Life," by Lady Biddulph of Ledbury, of her father, the fourth Earl of Hardwicke, under the title "Charles Phillip Yorke, Earl of Hardwicke. The work was originally undertaken by Lady Biddulph as a sort of pious labour of love, as a record to be possessed by Lord Hardwicke's children and grandchildren; but, as the book shaped itself, it was found to touch the national life at so many significant points that the author was encouraged to believe that it might have a claim upon the general public as well. The volume will be enriched with half a dozen portraits in photogravure, two of them paintings by Romney.

Recently the same firm will have ready Mrs. Humphry Ward's new novel, "Canadian Born," the publication of which may reasonably be considered one of the principal events of the season. Reputations come and go, but few writers maintain the hold upon the public which Mrs. Ward has exercised for now nearly a quarter of a century. The keynote to the present story is said to be the revolution effected in an ardent spirit—the fine flower of English womanhood—by her realisation of the potent forces at work in a young country like Canada, and the vital vigour of the men who control its destiny. A theme of such breadth, in Mrs. Ward's hands, promises a study of unusual complexity and power.

Recently Mr. Alston Rivers will publish a new story by Mr. Arthur Wellesley Kipling in which the publisher has much confidence. It is called "The shadow of Glory," and the ambition of its canvas may be estimated by the fact that it claims to treat the topic of War upon so vast a scale that the invasion of England is the merest episode in a conflagration which envelops the whole inhabited globe. Every possible engine of destruction is brought into operation, from torpedo and submarine to aeroplane and dirigible, so that, whatever else the story may or may not prove, it can hardly fail to be electrically "up-to-date."

A large number of books, treating of various sides of Chinese history, literature, and manners, stands already to the credit of Professor E. Happer Parker, of Manchester, and he is about to add to the list an exhaustive study of Chinese religion, which Messrs. Chapman and Hall have now in the Press. Few English authorities possess Mr. Parker's complete and intricate knowledge, and the present volume will be illustrated with reproductions of some unique portraits and views from his valuable collection.

A somewhat similar work, having for its subject the always fascinating region of Japan, is announced by Messrs. Cassell and Company. The historian in this case is Mr. D. C. Angus, and his "Japan, the Eastern Wonderland," will not confine itself to a study of religion, but will range over every side of Japanese life, with chapters upon old traditions, customs, festivals, trades. Such a book has particular timeliness this season, with the Japanese Exhibition busy preparing at the White City.

EGYPTIAN AFFAIRS.

AS HARVEY PASHA, the Commandant of the Cairo Police, entered his office on April 3, a man fired a shot at him from a fully-loaded revolver. The shot went wide and the assailant was arrested before he could pull the trigger a second time. The would-be assassin is a German Jew who was lately dismissed from the secret police as a bad character.

The Ministre Publique of Egypt on April 1 filed his decision in respect of a claim brought against the Government of the Soudan in the Egyptian Court by a firm of contractors. He declares that the Soudan does not belong to Egypt, considering that Egypt abandoned it in 1884, and he holds that England, who conquered it at the same time as Egypt, has equal rights with Egypt. It is further declared that the Government of the Soudan is absolutely autonomous, that the Soudan officials have nothing in common with those of Egypt, and that the mixed tribunals have no jurisdiction. The Anglo-Egyptian Convention of 1899 is held to be an Act "sui generis" and without precedent in international law, but as a political treaty it does not come within the competence of the mixed courts.

A lengthy reply to the report recently issued by the Commission appointed by the General Assembly to consider the projected extension of the Suez Canal concession, was issued by the Egyptian Government on April 4. The Commission, it will be remembered, recommended the rejection of the proposal on various grounds. The Government, in their reply, assert that the extension of the concession to the Suez Canal Company would prove mutually advantageous to the country and the Canal Company. It is pointed out that the Egyptian Treasury Reserve is down to the £E2,000,000 minimum, and that money is wanted for the development, irrigation, and drainage of agricultural land, the sanitation of Cairo, and other important public works. The Government fear that the Commission fail to appreciate the fact that the extension of the concession was only recommended to the General Assembly after a year's careful study of the question, and that the Commission's adverse recommendation was based on inexact facts and figures. The Government, therefore, hope that the Assembly will recognise the undoubted advantages of the projected extension and give it their approval.

POLICE NEWS.

ALLEGED ANNOYANCE.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday afternoon, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the notice calling upon Mahomed Cassumshaw Chisti to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep the peace. The notice was issued at the instance of Inspector Sullivan of the Criminal Investigation Department, who alleged that the respondent was giving annoyance to the family of Mr. J. B. Marzban.

Mr. Bowen, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; while Mr. D. B. Binning, Barrister-at-Law, with Mr. Reuben Solomon, pleader, defended the respondent. Mr. S. G. Welinkar, Bar-at-Law, and Mr. Visaji F. Vicaji, pleader, watched the case on behalf of Mr. Marzban.

Mr. Binning at the outset said that before tendering the evidence for the defence, he would mention, that they were going to prove that the accused was not in Bombay on the dates on which he was stated by the complainant to have annoyed his daughter. He also submitted that the evidence produced by the prosecution, even assuming it to be correct for arguments' sake, was not sufficient to bring an offence home under the section. He asked his Worship if he could argue this point now.

His Worship said the point should be argued at the end.

His Worship then asked if the defence were calling the lady as a witness.

Mr. Binning: No, your Worship. Not to-day, at, any rate.

Mr. Pherozeshah Jehangir Marzban was the first witness examined by the defence.

Mr. Binning: Do you do a certain amount of writing under the nom-de-plume of "Pijam"?

Mr. Marzban: Yes.

Mr. Marzban was then shown an issue of the "Gapsap", a fortnightly magazine, dated the 14th September 1906, and asked if a poem which appeared in it had been written by him.

Mr. Marzban replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Binning: The picture there represents your father and sisters!

Mr. Marzban: No. They represent some other persons.

In that poem both "Putla" and "Putli" are used as common nouns?—I don't find the words there. The word used is "Putlio".

Is the word "Putli" used as a common noun in this poem?—Here it is used as a proper noun.

Mr. Binning here tendered the poem to be officially translated.

Kazi Ahmed Kazi Ibrahim, a foreman, examined-in-chief, said he had known the respondent and Mr. Jehangir Murzban for the last six or seven years. He had seen Mr. Jehangir at Matheran at the Aladin Lodge.

Mr. Bowen objected to this evidence.

Mr. Binning said he wanted to show how these persons came across each other. It could do no harm to the prosecution.

His Worship over-ruled the objection.

Continuing, witness said Mr. Jehangir had come there with two or three ladies. The respondent objected to the ladies coming in his Lodge. Mr. Murzban then had an interview with the respondent. Witness was a resident at Mahbleshwar where the respondent had also gone about five years ago. The walls of the house in which the respondent had put up also bore the inscription "Putla Putli, Chishti Chaman".

Cross-examined, witness said, he was serving under the respondent at Matheran. Mr. Murzban came to the lodge a little before the monsoon. He had seen Mr. Murzban before this occurrence about five or seven times at Mahbeleshwar. When the respondent was at Matheran, he was not married. Respondent had an aversion to ladies.

Gangadass Jamnadass, examined by Mr. Binning said he was a landed proprietor at Thana. He paid about Rs. 3,500 annually as assessment. He had known the respondent for the last four years, He came to Bombay for rest. The respondent as a friend. The respondent had often been to his place at Thana. Respondent was at his place on the 16th April on the last occasion. Before that respondent was at his place on the 11th March at about 4 or 5 p. m. He had sent for the respondent on that occasion for particular reason. He stayed there for two days and left on Sunday morning. Witness paid him Rs. 2-8 as an offering. He had entered that in his book of accounts. Respondent was accompanied by the witness son-in-law, Chhotalal Kursondass.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bowen, witness said on two or three occasions he had sent for the respondent. He sent for the respondent to consult in times of difficulty. He consulted the respondent as he trusted him and believed that the respondent was following the Hindu religion. He considered the respondent as good as his Brahmin priests. Many Brahmins had stayed with him for months. One other Mahomed Pir, named Syed Adi, had also stayed at his place for about eight days. He was perfectly sure that the respondent was at Thana on Saturday.

Re-examined, witness said he had also seen many persons of other castes at the respondent's place in Bombay.

In answer to the Court, witness said he remained with the respondent the whole day on Saturday, as the respondent was a respectable man, and witness was anxious to please him.

Chhotalal Kursondass, son-in-law of the previous witness, was the next witness called. Examined by Mr. Binning, witness said he had been very often at the respondent's place in Bombay.

In answer to the Court, witness said the respondent had been to his father-in-law's place on the 11th March, because somebody was ill there.

In answer to Mr. Binning, witness said he had seen the respondent at Thana on the 12th March.

Cross-examined, witness said he left the house of his father-in-law on the 28th or 29th of March. As far as he knew, he did not know whether his father-in-law called the respondent when any member of his family was ill. If anyone fell ill in witness' house he would call the respondent. He had sent for the respondent on two occasions.

Syed Hussein Syed Ahmed, examined-in-chief, said he was a sweeper in the Sheikh Misris mosque, at Matunga for about ten years. He knew the respondent who always visited the mosque but on the 26th he had come. He remembered the Mahomedan holiday "Akhni Char Shambha." He had also seen the respondent at the mosque on the "Bara Vafat" day i.e., the day of Mahomed's birth. He came there at 4 p. m., and stayed there for about half an hour. Since that day the respondent had not been at the mosque.

Cross-examined, witness said he did not know English dates. By the 26th he meant the Mahomedan date of the "Rabi-Akhel" month.

The interpreter here informed the Court that the date corresponded with the 20th May.

Further cross-examined, witness said that was the 26th of the month in which Mahomed sailed.

The interpreter here informed the Court that 26th of that month corresponded with the 9th March.

Further hearing was adjourned.

BAD MILK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your article of to-day on Adulterated Milk in Bombay serves as a reminder of the strong aversion always displayed by our Corporation with regard to any reform of national customs. One would almost think they had an interest in the milk trade. It is fortunate that the general public is not tied down to the "gowli." There are brands of tinned milk obtainable in Bombay, of guaranteed purity, and in tins of convenient size for small consumers, and this milk on careful comparison has been found to be no dearer than the liquid supplied by the milk-seller. The test is made by diluting the tinned milk until it gives the same reading on the lactometers as the local milk. There is the additional advantage that the tinned milk may be stocked like tea and sugar, and is not likely to be late in the morning. People who appreciate the importance of a wholesome supply need not wait for the Corporation to move; they may boycott the "dudwalla" without loss or inconvenience, for, after the revolting disclosures of Captain Liston we may give up all hope of voluntary reform among Bombay or even Indian milk sellers. Their only proper occupation is sweeping the streets. If the Bombay milk dealer is compelled to sell pure milk, he will at once raise the price, so we may as well abandon him now as later on.—Yours, etc.,

J. W.

Bombay, 27th April.

SPORTING NEWS.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

Y. M. C. A. vs. B. E. S. High School.

The second game in the Semi-finals in the above Tournament was played on the Marine Lines Maidan yesterday, before a large number of spectators, and after a very interesting struggle resulted in a win for the Young Men by two goals to love. From what one had seen of the play of the two teams, a walk-over was expected for the Y. M. C. A. and the eleven themselves conscious of their superiority particularly in build and stamina appeared at first to take matters easy, but the Byculla boys falsified all these anticipations. They played with rare dash and perfect skill with the stick, and combined well From the bully off the Young Men opened the attack but were quickly sent away and again returning Kelly had a shot which Morris cleared. The School boys then worked the ball to the opposite end and the left wing threatening W. George intercepted and the boys had then to fall back on the defensive. "sticks" within the circle against the Byculla team secured for the attackers a penalty shot, but no advantage resulted. Now followed attack and counter-attack the boys showing out prominently. Burgess, the outside half of Byculla, proved a host in himself, his intercepting and passing exciting admiration from the spectators. Corners and penalty corners were frequently awarded, but neither side could open their account. Towards the close of this half the students made a brilliant rush for the Y.M. posts, but Kiddle kicked away the ball, at half-time there was no score.

On change of sides the Y. M. secured immediate possession of the spherioid and with lightning speed appeared before Byculla posts and Buckley scored. Resuming the attack Spilling passed to Fido and he to Kelly the inside-right and what looked a second goal was cleared by Bunyan. The boys then broke away for a spell, but being driven back, the Young Men continued to be on the aggressive, the students putting forth a strong and plucky defence. After a second shot from Kelly having been saved by Bunyan, the former had again the handling of the ball and he contributed the second and last goal. Till about five minutes to full time the students were confined to their own ground and although the attackers secured a number of corners and were even awarded a bully at the goal-mouth, they were prevented from making any further addition to their score, the boys never for a moment being off their guard. Five minutes to time the boys suddenly broke away and by splendid passing the right wing appeared before the Y.M.C.A. posts and a keen struggle ensued, Ward finally clearing by a long drive. Up and down rushes closed the game leaving the Y. M. C. A. winners, but at the same time enhancing the reputation of the Byculla Boys in the field of sport.

Score—

Y. M. C. A. ..... 2 Goals.
B. E. S. H. School ..... Nil.

Teams—

Y. M. C. A.—Goal, Kiddle; backs, W. George and N. George; half-backs, Hildreth, Ward and Dowling; forwards, Templeton, Kelly, Spilling, Fido, and Buckley.

B. E. S. H. School: Goal, Bunyan; backs, Bolt and Morris; half-backs, Burgess, Wood and Cutler; forwards, Wilson, Edwards, Easdon, Rowe, and Sinclair.

JUNIOR TOURNAMENT.

In the junior tournament, the Fort and Proprietary High School met the Proprietary and Fort High School, Grant Road. The game ended with the following result:—

Fort High School ..... 9 Goals.
Grant Road School ..... Nil.

"ELTON CUP" HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

The drawing of the ties for the above Tourney will take place at the Y. M. C. A. Hall at 7-30 p.m. to-day.

"THE PROTECTION OF ENGLAND."

Germany's Naval Quadrilateral in the North Sea.

WILHELMSHAVEN and Emden, Borkum and Heligoland, the greatest quadrilateral of naval fortresses which the world has ever beheld, are fast complet. ing their individual and connected strength; and they can already be studied in their manifest significance and power by the observer of certain facts. Within two-thirds of a day's steaming of the British coasts, within half a day's reach of the entrance to the Baltic, they afford a guarantee of security to England, a guarantee of absolute seclusion and repose to the inland sea of the North, which should fill with confidence and calm every believer in that millennium shortly to be chanted by disarmed soldiers and sailors, sobbing for peaceful joy, as arranged for the crowning scene of the next Military Tournament. When, in a few years, the sixty battleships and cruiser-battleships of the Dreadnought fleet of Germany are ranged in readiness behind those tremendous defences, every Englishman ought to feel that the prosperity and free trade of his ancient country can now flourish unalarmed beneath the sheltering wing of the new Sea Eagles of the Kaiser. As there is no possibility of those vast and menacing potencies of swift and overwhelming war being prepared in hostility to the British Empire; and as it is absolutely certain that no danger threatens the peace of the German shore from England above all, it follows almost mathematically that this tremendous power, all those miles, and scores of miles, of fort, and mine, and gaint warship, have been accumulated purely as a pledge of German protection of trice fortunate England. It is indeed the millennium of Mr. Victor Grayson and Mr. Winston Churchill. Such altruism is not merely unprecedent—it is unthinkable.

Naturally it is the recent transfer of the First Dreadnought Squadron of Germany from Kiel in the Baltic to Wilhelmshaven in the North Sea which has formally announced to the military world that the great North Sea Quadrilateral is now sufficiently complete to afford the requisite shelter to the inaugural division of the high sea Dreadnought Fleet. It is the announcement that the fortified island of Borkum combines with Emden to accentuate the importance of the Ems estuary in the new scheme for the future; while Borkum connects with Heligoland through the impassable chain of the East Frisian Islands; and Heligoland—the Northern Gibraltar—closes the estuaries of the Weser and Elbe, and completes with the mighty fortress-harbour of Wilhelmshaven the vast quadrilateral—Emden, Borkum, Heligoland, Wilhelmshaven—which encloses in its enormous bastion-configuration—100 miles long on each of its faces and 60 on each of its flanks—a score of isles and islets, bristling with sunken citadels armed with innumerable monster guns, together with linking positions on the mainland of huge strength and extent. The great waterways of the Ems, Weser, and Elbe bring the resources of populous provinces to the wharfs and quays. An enormous system of strategic railways can carry hundreds of thousands of ready soldiers to the mighty embarkation docks of Emden. The coasts of the English Eastern counties have nothing to fear from the huge strength of devoted friends; but it is appalling to thing of the possible position if those unparalleled preparation and armaments represented enemies or rivals.

It is no slight enhancement of these facts that the new base of German naval war absolutely closes the Baltic to every non-German Power in the event of hostilities. There is no fleet on earth which would dare to steam to the Ostegat, while on its flank there crouched the 38 Dreadnoughts and 20 cruiser Dreadnoughts, if anything, superior to the non-cruisers, which will soon lie behind those impregnable islands and headlands. It is pleasing to reflect that England will soon be under the protection of that mighty force of thoughtful friends, and that soon we may devote our Naval Budget to a democratic extension of Old Age Pensions for retired citizens too tired to work after 40, while the altruistic Teuton guards the honour and extends the commerce of Millennial Britain.—F. Hogh, 6 Donwelle in the "Pall Mall Gazette."

THE LADIES' CORNER.

WOMEN AS WAGE-EARNERS.

More important than training, more imperative even than capital, is the need of a new field for the woman who has her own living to earn. Taste and luxury have been brought to such a pitch through education and the intercommunication of the nations that there is practically no limit to the requirements of the age. The woman who specialises does well, provided that she discovers some line that is not already overcrowded, for, after all, the cry of overproduction and overcrowding refers entirely to mediocrity. An embroiderer whose work is exactly the same as that produced by dozens of her compeers is not at all likely to earn a sufficiency, but it is known that she who devises some new artistic combination of design or colour creates a demand at once. So it is with all the small necessaries for the daily use, and women, from their knowledge of housekeeping, are peculiarly fitted to learn of these needs.

DEMAND FOR ORIGINALITY.

It is scarcely necessary to indicate the few Englishwomen who have succeeded by their own special discoveries of a dainty a delicacy, or merely an article used frequently in the household. Americans are even more luxurious than English people or at least the habit of luxurious indulgence is more widely diffused, so that some of the latest trades adopted by women have met with unqualified success. Violet growing is managed with great skill in America, for the demand for violets for Easter is enormous, and there are women who have acquired and at a moderate price and who eventually have turned it to excellent account. Land, too, that has lost its first agricultural value has provided more than a competence for at least one woman who has selected the special cultivation of eggs as her trade. Not for the ordinary, everyday market, does she work, but to secure the attention of the luxurious who require their eggs to be all of one size, one colour, and of uniform quality and flavour throughout. The latest taste in America is for sterilized eggs and from a farm of a few hundred hens one woman, at any rate, has increased her stock to several thousands, so that her revenues are entirely satisfactory. Pickles—different from those prepared by anyone else—mushroom growing, and so on, are cleverly managed also by women. Whether the last schemes to which attention has been turned would bring success in England it is difficult to say. For years Americans have enjoyed vine snails imported from France, until a clever woman wondered why she could not provide the market with at least a proportion. She studied the trade and has hit it. One more woman bought a bit of land on which there was an old pond. She stocked it with frogs, and these delicate morsels being in extraordinary demand in the American market, she makes a large annual profit.

ROYAL AUTOMOBILE CLUB.

Luxurious Clubhouse.

THE new clubhouse of the Royal Automobile Club, which is being built on the site of the old War Office in Pall Mall, will be the most luxurious clubhouse in the world. It is costing about a quarter of a million sterling. It is a steel-frame building with ferro-concrete floors. Thus it differs from the New General Post Office, which is reinforced concrete throughout. This method of construction, besides being expeditious, is immensely strong, being in a large measure earthquake-proof. The earthquake at San Francisco left the frames of buildings of this kind intact. The style of the new clubhouse which has been designed by Messrs. Mewes and Davis and Mr. E. Keynes Purchase, is Renaissance. It will be of Portland stone. The frontage is 230 feet in length. The building extends 140 feet towards the Mall, and is to be five floors above the ground floor. Hard at work are 500 workmen employed by the contractors, Waring and White (1906), Ltd. They have been busy on the superstructure for five months, and it is hoped that the building will be completed early next year and that the inaugural dinner will take place about the end of January. A visit to the site shows a busy scene. The most modern appliances are in use. The machine tools use up 150 horse-power constant output of electricity. There is a crane at work remarkable for the great length of the jib, which is 95 feet. A crane with a jib of 75 feet is considered very long. In this huge building there are four girders, each weighing 24 tons. In making the foundations water was struck, and this has to be constantly pumped away until the base is concreted in. Near the basement there will be a fine swimming bath 80 feet in length, of which the outline can be clearly seen now in the confusion. Close by is to be one of the most luxurious Turkish baths in London. Below-ground also the club will have three racquet courts and a gymnasium. Fresh air will be conveyed to these underground apartments by a specially devised system of ventilation and air-ducts—huge passages with compartments running all round the building. The club will contain sleeping apartments for residential members, and the kitchen arrangements will be superb. The main hall, in which the member will find himself on entering the club from Pall Mall, will be one of the most magnificent and lofty in the world. Some idea of the splendours of this new building is already to be obtained, masons being now at work on the handsomely carved columns and capitals. Some of the famous old

BY THE WAY.

THE NEW "GENTLEMAN" OF THE CHAPEL ROYAL.

Mr. May, who has just been appointed one of the Gentlemen of the Chapel Royal, is a native of Carlisle, and furnishes and additional example of musical "heredity." His father was successively an alto singer in the choirs of Carlisle Cathedral and of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, before he was promoted to the same position at St. Paul's Cathedral. When a little boy Mr. May came to London, on his father's promotion to St. Paul's, and became one of the "children," as the choir-boys are called, at the Chapel Royal, to which he now returns. For some years past Mr. May has been connected with the famous choir of St. Anne's Church, Soho, where Queen Alexandra attended the performance of Bach's Passion music last Lent.

THE BARNARDO BOYS AT THE ANTIPODES.

The musical Barnardo boys who have been touring Australia for some time under the conductorship of the Rev. W. J. Mayers are bringing their Commonwealth campaign to a close. It has been a remarkably successful one interviwed at Melbourne, Mr. Mayers said they had faced 600 audiences and raised £17,000. This money is to be devoted to the building of a new hospital in connexion with the Barnardo institution.

"FORENSIC FUN."

Whatever may be said of Scotsmen generally there seems to be no lack of humour among those of them who are members of the legal profession. At the annual dinner of the Edinburgh University Forensic Club, just held, almost every speaker had a story to relate. Sheriff Guy told of a man who went to his lawyer to get his will drawn up. After taking numerous notes the lawyer said, "It is usual, sir, in the event of your wife surviving you, to make some alteration upon your provision if she should marry again." "Oh, yes. What am I leaving her? £100 a year. Just make it £200 a year." "Most men make it less," pointed out the lawyer. "Oh, aye," replied the Scot; "but the man who takes her will deserve it."

THE JUDGE'S SMALL JEST.

Later Sheriff Guy was responsible for a Court of Session story. Once when the present Lord Justice Clerk was conducting a jury trial he made a small jest. The audience thought it their duty to laugh, and they laughed. "Silence" shouted the macer in measured tones; "there's nothing to laugh at."

A VIGOROUS PLEADER.

In the course of his speech Sheriff Macaulay Smith told a story of his old friend, the late Sheriff Strachan, who had a curious method of pleading. He was always driving his points home with his fists. On one occasion he happened to be addressing a jury before Lord Fraser. Mr. Strachan was standing close to the Bench, and was losing himself in the excitement of his case, and thumping volumes of Rettie on the table beside him. Lord Fraser thereupon said: "Mr. Strachan, excuse me for interrupting you in your address. It is not altogether that I am frightened for any personal injury, but I wish you to kindly remember that these volumes are the lawful property of the Faculty of Advocates."

MOUNTAIN SICKNESS.

At a meeting of the Medical Society of Berlin, Dr. Knoche, as reported by the Hospital, gave an account of his experiences and observations in regard to mountain sickness during his sojourn among the heights of the Cordilleras of Peru. He suggests that the ideas acquired from Alpine experiences in regard to the pathology of mountain sickness are very imperfect. In Peru and Bolivia attacks known as "houna" or "sirrocho" are ascribed by the natives to certain conditions other than simple altitude. Muleadrivers avoid paths because they are "haunted" by "houna," and again certain valleys are known for the frequent occurrence of sirrocho. In one such valley the whole of the author's caravan was affected by the complaint. In La Paz, the capital of Bolivia, certain streets are known for the number of cases of this malady which occur there.

THE CAUSE.

"Sirrochea" consists in a condition of nervous excitation. It is not due to a deficiency of oxygen, as it may occur after a descent of 2,000 metres. It does not appear to depend upon muscular fatigue, as it is specially liable to appear in the night and disappear during the day. It may be accompanied by hemorrhages, which may attain to a dangerous degree. The author makes the interesting suggestion that the cause of this affection may be of an electric nature, such as electric discharges in the air. In support of this hypothesis he points out that the conditions favouring the accumulation of electricity are just those which predispose to the occurrence of this affection: mines and veins of metal in the hills, closed valleys, mountain peaks liable to attract and discharge atmospheric electricity, &c.

AN ETHIOIAN FEUD.

It is an old political feud—perhaps the oldest in the world—which is now again echoing through the wild Ethiopian highlands, "the mountains of Rasselas," as Disraeli ones apostrophised them. For, says Mr. Lucien Wolf in the "Graphic," Tigre and Shoa are smouldering with their ancient rivalry, and Tigre is of the haughty posterity of Shem, while Shoa bears the burden of the curse of Ham. Tigre, the predominant partner in the unification of the Empire under Theodore and John, has never taken kindly to the Shoan sovereignty of Manelik, though that sagacious monarch has done his best to create binding dynastic links between the two kingdoms. The Empress is, of course, a staunch Tigrin.

TO COMMEMORATE CHAUCER.

[redacted] connexion of Chaucer with Southwark is to be known to all that pass by the new library [redacted]ately been erected at the junction of the [redacted]Old Kent-roads. The library, has already [redacted]window, but beneath this on the outside [redacted]g two handsome mosaic panels—the [redacted]ch will take some 29,000 pieces of [redacted]o be placed. They will illustrate [redacted]Tales," and it is not a little inte[redacted]at the building they will adorn [redacted]oughfare along which the pilgrims [redacted]s out of Southwark towards to [redacted]s at Canterbury.

THE LITTLE PEOPLES.

[redacted] Gallienne thus voices "The cry of [redacted]" in his "New Poems."

"The Little Peoples went up to God
[redacted] and the Pole, and the Finn, and
[redacted]eswig Dane.
[redacted]t a little portion of green, ambitious
[redacted]ow, and sing, and reap in the land of
[redacted]irth.
[redacted]sk not coaling stations, nor ports in the
China seas;
We leave to the big child-nations such rivalries
as these.
We have learned the lesson of time, and we
know three things from birth—
Only to sow, and sing, and reap in the land of
our birth.
O leave us our little margins, waste ends of land
and sea:
A little grass, and a hill or two, and a shadowing
tree.
O leave us our little rivers that sweetly catch
the sky,
To drive our mills, and to carry our wood, and
to ripple by.
Once, long ago, as you, with hollow pursuit of
fame,
We filled all the shaking world with the sound
of our name;
But now we are glad to rest on battles and
boasting done.
Glad just to sow, and sing, and reap in our
share of the sun.
Of this, O will ye rob us, with a foolish,
mighty hand;
Add, with such cruel sorrow, so small a land to
your land?

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentary and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

TWO ONE-ACT PLAYS.

Mr. Herbert Trench has secured two one-act plays for future use which will provide opportunities for very good acting. One is "The Return," by Felix Salten, which was recently produced by the Stage Society. The other is Dr. Arthur Schnitzler's "Grune Kakadu" ("The Green Cockatoo"), which will be adapted by Mr. Rudolf Besier, the author of the much-travelled and deservedly successful comedy "Don" at the Kingsway. "The Return," it will be recalled, is very amusing and very cynical. A man is apparently on the point of death, and he sends for a woman who was his old sweetheart. This lady has made other arrangements with another lover. But to console the invalid she marries him, believing him to be "in extremis." He recovers, and an entirely new situation is created. The man with whom she "keeps house" has no objection to a liaison with a single woman, but feels qualms as to the same association with another man's wife. The situation is ingenious, and the author has contrived to keep it in the key of comedy, though it is sufficiently charged with tragic possibilities.

A REVOLUTION PLAY.

"The Green Cockatoo" reproduces the Bohemian atmosphere of "Ma Gosse." It is the name of a tavern, and Mr. Trench may be able to placard the hoardings with his favourite bird if he merely changes the colour of the paint. The period is the French Revolution, when so many plays were born. There are twenty characters in the cast, and the piece is a full-blown play miniature. Prospere, who keeps the tavern, was formerly a theatrical manager, and at The Green Cockatoo, he employs his old Company to amuse his customers. Thither come the aristocrats of the hour seeking a new tonic for their jaded appetites. Prospere, who is a sansculotte with a towel over his arm, provides the thrill by turning his actors into revolutionists who insult the aristocrats under the cover of acting, and who vents his rage at their order by spitting his venom while he serves them with their wine. But Henri, his "star," has married Leocadie, of the Porte St. Martin, and the Duc de Cadignan is her lover. You perceive at once which way the author is going. Henri discovers the truth, and turns the place from a saloon into a shambles, while all the scum of Paris pours into the tavern to see the work of Death. The little play ought to provide a genuine sensation at the Haymarket, and at least one reputation should be made by the time the curtain falls. Mr. Trench is an asset in the theatre. He has given us Masterlinck, and has got Daudet in waiting with "L'Arlesienne." Countess von Arnim's "Princess Priscilla's Fortnight" follows "The Blue Bird," while Selten and Schnitzler are at his elbow. But if Mr. Trench had not put his hand on Mr. Basier's shoulder, we should feel we had a cause of quarrel with him. There are so many clever young Englishmen biting their pens and looking wistfully to the Haymarket Director.

A STORY OF MRS. GILBERT.

A propos of curtain calls Mr. Frohman tells a story of Mrs. Gilbert, the veteran American actress, as popular on this as on the other side of the Atlantic. She had been ill and absent from the stage for a long time. On her reappearance her "entrance" was greeted by an outburst of applause from the audience Mrs. Gilbert came forward and upbraided the public. "How could you?" she protested. "I have been ill, and it is only with the greatest difficulty that I can remember my lines. You are destroying my chance of success." Then she went on with her part. At the end of the act the audience, to show that it had not resented her motherly chiding, gave her another ovation. A year after—she was then over eighty Mrs. Gilbert felt that she would like to retire from work, and Mr. Frohman arranged to give her a tour in a piece called "Granny," under conditions which were most favourable to her financially, and the public knowing of this intention, it was felt that the old lady would be upset by a long series of ovations. So the manager told her that as the opening night would be a particularly trying occasion for her, he was printing posters and notices in the programmes requesting the audience not to give her a "reception" on her entrance. Mrs. Gilbert thought the idea splendid, and was very grateful. But as Mr. Frohman was leaving the rehearsal she took him in a corner, and said, "Please don't have those advertisements issued asking the public not to give me my reception.'"

REVIVAL OF THE RICHAD III.

Mr. Martin Harvey's revival of "Richard III." is shortly to be presented at the Dublin Theatre Royal. As was only to be expected from a former member of Irving's company, and one who has never failed, publicly or privately, in homage to the memory of that great actor and Shakspearean "producer," Mr. Harvey's version of the tragedy opens as Shakspeare opens it, and not with a "prologue" taken from another play and tacked on, as was seen in a revival in London only last summer. Mr. Harvey himself will, of course, be the Gloster, Mr. Charles Glenney will be the Buckingham, Miss N. de Silva will be the Lady Anne, and Miss Mary Rorke the Queen Margaret. The version presented will be in five acts.

REJANE AT THE HIPPODROME.

The famous French actress, Gabrielle Rejane, who will make her debut at the Hippodrome as a variety theatre performer in London, has for more than thirty years been one of the most radiant and most brilliant figures of the Parisian stage. A full list of the plays in which she has given memorable performances would take up a great deal of space, but one may mention "Madame Sans Gene," "Zaza," "Sapho," "La Rafale," "La Robe Rouge," "La Passerelle," "La Parisienne," and "Le Monde on l'on s'ennuie." She has often played very disagreeable parts, but her humour has generally come to the rescue of the audience. It is understood that it is this side of her talents and personality that will be to the fore at the Hippodrome.

THE SICILIANS.

The Sicilian players brought their second visit to London to a close at the Lyric Theatre, when Grasso's Othello once more aroused the wildest enthusiasm. What a "happy thought" it would have been if Sir Herbert Tree could have invited him and his fellow artists to play the tragedy, in whole or in part, once or twice during the Shakspeare Festival! But of course, the arrangements at His Majesty's had all been made before Grasso's Othello was seen. It is to be feared that the visit which has now concluded has been less successful from a financial point of view than that of two years ago, and there is no denying the fact that the absence of Mimi Aguglia had its effect on the size of the audiences. However, Signora Bragaglia gave a great deal of beautiful acting, while Grasso has, risen enormously in public favour.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

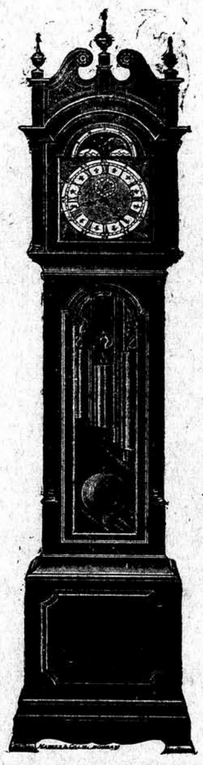
Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	4	1	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dungri	5	5	16
C Market Dhobi Talao, Panaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	14	11	26
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	1	1	6
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	4	3	24
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	9	6	15
G Mahim and Worli	9	10	17
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	3	10
Total	46	40	121
This day last year	78	73	168

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.
April 27th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	116	61	18
B	134	97	8
B	132	143	23
C	102	56	8
D	97	39	6
E	118	16	1
E	62	104	16
F	80	16	2
G	46	3	0
Total	887	535	82
Total killed to date rats			1,422

English-Chiming-Clocks

Monuments to the Excellence of British Clock Manufacture



Superlative Quality.
Intrinsic Value.
Faithful Recorders of Time.

8-DAY Grandfather ¼ Chiming Pendulum Weight Clock.

Height 7 feet 6 inches.

THE DIAL SHOWS THE PHASES OF THE MOON AND STARS, and the numerals are brought into relief by a Silvered Circle which also distinguishes the Seconds.

The Movement

is constructed throughout on the most approved English methods and of the best material procurable. Chimes the quarters on 8 sweet toned ¾ inch tubes and the hours on a melodious sounding gong.

By moving a small indicator on the dial the clock can be made silent or to chime on 4 tubes only.

The Case

is mahogany well seasoned and polished Artistically relieved with gilt ormolu ornamentations.

Regarding Durability

It is of sufficient durability to carry great value as an hereditary heirloom for 3 or 4 generations.

Rs. **1,275**

PRESENTATION CLOCKS

Our experience in this direction is very extensive having executed many important presentation orders to the satisfaction of purchasers.

Our prices for the same quality of work will more than compare favourably with those of any house in the trade, and there is always an advantage in buying from quite the largest, newest and most varied stock there is.

From Rs. **225** to Rs. **575.**

ENGLISH 8-DAY CHIMING CLOCKS.

The Embodiment of all that is good in clock manufacture. The description of clock illustrated is as follows:

Height 19 ins., width 11½ ins., Dial 6½ ins. Full quarter chimes on 4 Abbey gongs, striking hours on deep sonorous 5th gong. Can be made silent by moving indicator over dial. Handsome case.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.
BOMBAY & POONA.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder form)
The Ideal Food for all ages.

Your Doctor has a high opinion of HORLICK'S. Ask him.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S feeds and sustains during fevers, and Medical experience ascribes a very large increase in the percentage of recoveries from Enteric and other fevers to the marvellous power of HORLICK'S in giving the necessary strength and stamina to enable the patient to recuperate and build up the strength so necessary to recovery.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

The clean, wholesome smell of

WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

is, in itself, a recommendation and the freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.

Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.

6d. per Tablet.

To be obtained from:—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

Beauty's Secret.

ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, England's premier face-cream, is the only really SAFE face-cream. Delightfully refreshing, it frees the skin from tan, chaps, roughness, redness, wrinkles and insect bites. It contains no grease, but is Nature's simple secret for Beauty. No other cream is so cleansing, so beneficial or so harmless.

Icilma Fluor Cream

Is deliciously fragrant and foamy, and imparts the marvellous cleansing and toning virtures of ICILMA NATURAL WATER. Cannot grow hair, needs no powder, and has none of the dangerous after-effects of greasy creams. Most economical of all creams. Use Icilma Fluor Cream daily and watch your skin grow clearer.

AFTER SHAVING Icilma Fluor Cream cools and soothes, it removes all irritation and if rubbed on over night makes shaving surprisingly easy.

Icilma is pronounced—eye-silma.

Of all good Chemists and Stores

ICILMA CO., Ld., London, E.C., England.

The Unrivalled Killer!
Fatal to insect life—harmless to everything else. Sold in tins and bottles only, but be sure you get—
KEATING'S POWDER
Kills Fleas, Flies, Bugs, Beetles, etc.

THE BEST
"APENTA"
NATURAL APERIENT WATER

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

Sal Hepatica

An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation. Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract. Invigorates and prevents colds or influenza. Sold by chemists.

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BEVNON & Co. 55 Esplanade Road.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
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THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their patrons **Free Services** of a **Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon** from **Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding English Registrable Diplomas.**

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Late Partner, D. M. DASTOOR & Co.
Twenty years' experience in sight-testing Retinoscopically.

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Exceptional Testimonials from **H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior,** the **Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins,** the **Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty,** the **Hon'ble Sir N Chandavarkar,** the **Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman,** the **Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S, Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S.,** and **Other High Personages.**

STOCK:—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE.
PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE.
A Pocket Manual "The human eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, as that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a speedy cure may be administered. Those who try them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. 1/3 all Chemists and Stores, or post free 2/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTH CLIFTON, ENGLAND.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS'
TAN AND BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES
SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE
INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.

THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

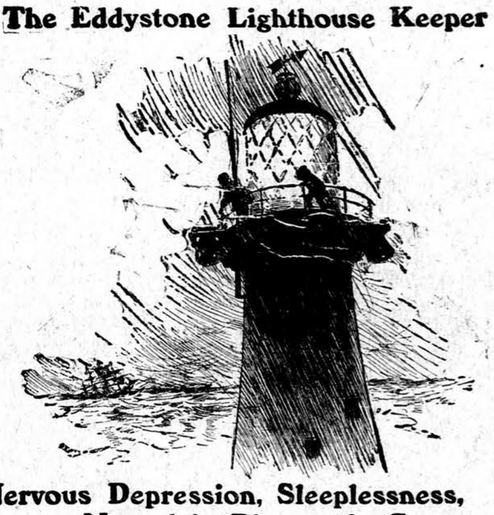
WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (NR. NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND

The Eddystone Lighthouse Keeper



Nervous Depression, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Cramps—

Because he has benefitted *so tremendously* by taking Phosferine, Mr. Francis Warder, head keeper of the Eddystone Lighthouse, now realises that until he took "the Greatest of all Tonics," the best time of life was slipping away in ill-health. Disorders came so gradually that he was resigned *to consider it natural* to be getting a bit stiff, not sleeping soundly, or eating so heartily, and somehow not able to enjoy things.

The overpowering depression which Phosferine dispelled, had been slowly accumulating during the 33 years of Mr. Warder's vigilant custody of lighthouses, when the long, lonely spells of duty, the unvarying monotony, the nervous strain of his responsibility, dulled and tired his very senses.

The lost vigour is now regained, and Mr. Warder declares he is as active, hardy, and lively *since taking Phosferine*, as he was ten years back.

Completely and Easily Cured.

Mr. Francis William Warder, principal keeper, Eddystone Lighthouse, writes:—"I have read what John Haylett, the Caister lifeboat coxswain, thinks of Phosferine, and I feel you would be glad to know what a lot of real good your famous tonic has done in my case. My occupation is monotonous and lonely, and, in rough weather, having to be always on the watch, I suffered a great deal from loss of sleep, and, even when tired out, could get no real rest owing to stiffness and rheumatic cramps. After trying to stave this off for some time and only getting worse, I got some Phosferine and felt relief from the first dose. I can tell you it is just a marvel how well and fine I feel now, all the rheumatism and neuralgia has gone, and I have a grand hearty appetite, steady nerves, and sleep well. Why to tell the truth, I feel as active, hardy, and lively since taking Phosferine as I was ten years or so back, and it's wonderful, it is indeed, how Phosferine holds a man together."—June 7, 1909.

PHOSFERINE
THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS
A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility	Neuralgia	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Maternity Weakness	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Premature Decay	Faintness	Headache
Sleeplessness	Mental Exhaustion	Brain-Fag	Hysteria

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

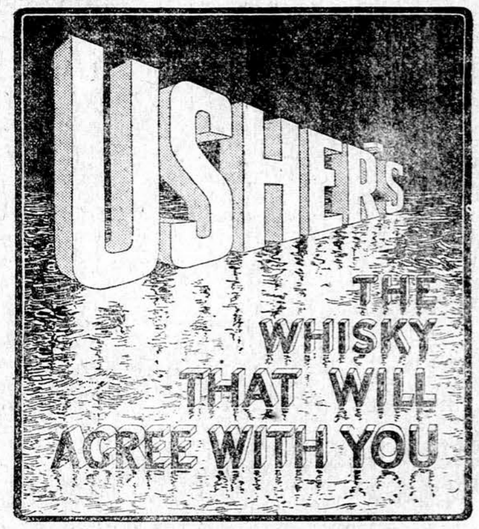
The Remedy of Kings
Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family	The Imperial Family of China
H.M. the Emperor of Russia	H.M. the Queen of Roumania
H.M. the King of Spain	H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. The Grand Duchess of Hesse
	And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.

Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6 Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

Wholesale Agents:—
Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co., 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL WINE MERCHANTS.



Sole Agents:—CUTLER PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

AN IDEAL RESTORATIVE
TRADE MARK **'VANA'** BRAND
TONIC WINE

A pure, wholesome, invigorating nerve tonic. It enriches the blood, restores the strength and vitality, and normal buoyancy of the spirits. One or two doses daily during oppressively hot weather prevents fatigue and keeps the general health up to the mark.

Sold in large bottles. Obtainable at all Pharmacies, Dispensaries, and Stores.

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Is
And must always be
The favourite half-peg.

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Agents—
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Rs. 36/—per dozen.

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ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL AND MOTOR CAR ENGINEERS,
WATERLOO MANSIONS, BOMBAY.

1910 MODEL.
Remarkable Hill Climber and Winner of important Races and Reliability trials.
Motor Accessories at moderate prices.
Second hand Motor Cars bought and sold on commission.
Repairs to all types of Motor Cars undertaken.
TRAINING OF CHAUFEURS A SPECIALITY.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

FOR THE HAIR.
110 YEARS SUCCESS.

Preserves, Restores, Nourishes it more effectually than any other preparation; Prevents Greyness, Cures Scurf; Promotes a luxuriant Growth of Hair; Invaluable for children's Hair; GOLDEN COLOUR for fair or grey Hair. Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., sold by Stores, Chemists, Hairdressers and ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

Without the use of this valuable preparation the Hair becomes Dry, Harsh, Thin and Brittle; no other preparation produces such a Beautiful and Dressy appearance of the Hair.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in
DIARRHŒA and is the only
Specific in CHOLERA and
DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—
FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.
Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.
Prices in England: 1/½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers:
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The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

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GENUINE
JAPAN KANANGA
TOILET WATER

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SOLD BY ALL PERFUMERS

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The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

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A FACT WORTH NOTING.
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT
Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATION
PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

NATURAL
ENO'S
HEALTH-GIVING
FRUIT
REFRESHING
SALT
INVIGORATING

INVALUABLE
For the COMPLEXION In HOT CLIMATES

BEETHAM'S LAIT Reg. Larola

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION. Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE. Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

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Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

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"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

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"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and reginimal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

THE RELIANCE WATCH COMPANY'S
SPLENDID OFFER

THE "REX."

ONLY FOR A SHORT TIME
SPECIAL REDUCTION
IN
THE "REX"
The most popular Keyless Lever Watches in India.
Guaranteed for 3 years and made in four sizes.

The Special Railway Guard Watch

22" Size Keyless lever. Rs.
In Nickel Silver Case, Screw Joint case dust and Waterproof 15

The Railway Guard Watch.

19" Size Keyless lever. Rs
In Nickel Silver case, Open face 9
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ... 10
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ... 16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunter 18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunter 20

Medium Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face 10
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ... 11
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ... 16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting 18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting 20

Small Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face 11
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ... 12
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ... 16
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting ... 19
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting... 20

Don't miss a chance, never before offered, but call and see for yourself, the latest arrival.

A Limited number only will be sold at the above prices as an Advertisement to prove the quality of THE "REX."

THE RELIANCE WATCH Co.,
HORNBY ROAD. BOMBAY.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of **Anæmia, Debility** *and* **Convalescence,** *to young women, children and the* **aged.** *Invaluable in hot climates.* DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*
To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL, *Valence* (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Cie, Sole Agents for *Madras.*—PHILLIPS & Co, Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Co, Agents in *Pondichéry.*

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FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS AND THE AGED.

A food of great nutritive value, which can be made suitable for any degree of digestive power by the simple process of letting it stand for a longer or shorter period at one stage of its preparation.

Benger's Food forms with milk, a dainty, delicious and highly nutritive cream, entirely free from rough and indigestible particles. "The Lancet" describes it as "Mr. Benger's admirable preparation."

Readers can obtain a 48-page booklet, "Benger's Food and How to Use It," which contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants" and practical information on the care of Invalids, etc., on application to Benger's Food Ltd., Otter Works, Manchester, England.

Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

J. C. VICKERY,
Their Majesties' Jeweller, Silversmith, Dressing Case & Leather Goods Manufacturer
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GREAT NOVELTY. EXPANDING FINGER RING WATCHES.

VICKERY'S Finger Ring Watches can be worn outside the glove, or in the ordinary way.

Gold, Enamel and Diamonds	£21 0 0
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Gold, Enamel and Pearls ..	17 12 6
All Gold	15 15 0

The Largest Stock — of — Novelties in Europe.

Illustrations and prices for any requirement sent by return mail in JEWELLERY, GOLD and SILVER NOVELTIES, LEATHER GOODS of every kind, FITTED DRESSING CASES and BAGS, SILVER and ELECTRO PLATE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.

5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT CASH WITH ORDER.

LOVELY CABOCHON RINGS.

VICKERY'S Cabochon AMETHYST, BLUE CHALCEDONY, Chrysoprase or Green Jade and 15-ct. Gold Rings ..... Only £2 15 0.

ALL STOREKEEPERS SHOULD STOCK
ROWAT'S MANUFACTURES.

SPLENDID VALUE. LOW PRICES.

PICKLES
WORCESTER SAUCES
— AND —
VINEGARS

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Lowest C.I.F. Prices by applying to—
ROWAT & CO., GLASGOW.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
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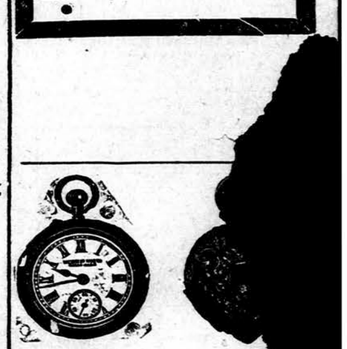

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